SCRATCHING MAKES IT WORSE!
END RINGWORM THIS EASY WAY
JUST APPLY POWELL'S KURAIN. THIS LOTION GIVES INSTANT RELIEF FROM RINGWORM ECZEMA DHOBIE ITCH & OTHER SKIN AFFLICTIONS AVAILABLE AT ALL CHEMISTS
Powells KURAIN
THE SPECIFIC FOR RINGWORM

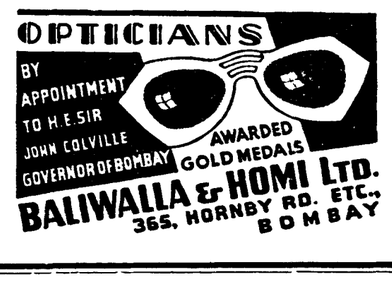
Regd. No. B. 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta — Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

VOL. XXXII NO. 299 · BOMBAY: MONDAY, DECEMBER 18, 1944 · Price: 2 Annas

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY


OPTICIANS
BY APPOINTMENT TO H.E. SIR JOHN COLVILLE GOVERNOR OF BOMBAY
AWARDED GOLD MEDALS
BALIWALLA & HOMI LTD.
365, HORNBY RD. ETC., BOMBAY

No British Protection For Greek Fascism

Strabolgi On "Price They Have To Pay For Churchill's Domination'

"HANDS OFF GREECE" DEMONSTRATION AT TRAFALGAR SQUARE

LONDON, Dec. 17.

A crowd of several thousand gathered in Trafalgar Square to-day for a "hands off Greece" demonstration organised by the Fire Brigade's Union and addressed by members of the Labour, Commonwealth and Communist Parties.

Banners were carried with such legends as "no British protection for Greek Fascism" "Let the Greeks choose", "Churchill says the EAM are rebels but we say they are heroes".

"A POLITICAL QUESTION"

Doctor Haden Guest, Labour Member of Parliament, declared: "This is a political question, not a military question. There is no reason why all points at issue should not be settled round the table but there is every reason for thinking that if we try to settle them by tommy guns we shall upset the future of the world of the United Nations."

Mr. John Horner, General Secretary of the Fire Brigades' Union, said: "The Greek people who never surrendered, looked to Britain and we must not fail them."

"DISGRACEFUL"

Mrs. Anne Yates, wife of a soldier now serving in Athens, said: "We do not want our men used in this disgraceful fashion now or in the future. Hands off the resistance movement."

Lord Strabolgi said that the Nazis were heartened by this war between the Allies which might lengthen the legitimate war by months. He added, "if this is the price we have to pay for Mr. Churchill's domination, the price is becoming too high."

INDIAN TROOPS' WITHDRAWAL

ATHENS, Dec. 17.

(From Reuter's special correspondent): Indian troops which were attacked at Krioniri near Messolonghi in western Greece on Thursday have been withdrawn by the sea.

SITUATION IN ATHENS

Today's communique from General Scobie said:

"Further progress has been made in Piraeus but the general situation in Athens remains unchanged. In the city sectionalised fighting only has taken place. The insurgents' artillery and mortar continued throughout yesterday and there was an increase in sniping. Elsewhere in Greece, the situation is unchanged. Empire troops have been successfully evacuated from Krioniri.

"It is now confirmed that the Socialist party and the Union of popular Democracy (Eld), have broken away from the E. A. M. in the Salonika area. Leaders of both groups have been arrested by the ELAS."

CHARGE SHEET AGAINST SCOBIE

The text of a telegram sent by Major General Safanos Sarafis, Commander-in-Chief of the ELAS forces to General Scobie, British Commander-in-Chief in Greece, on December 8 and received by him two days later was issued officially this afternoon.

The telegram accused the Government of taking no action against known collaborators "quite possibly because some members of the Government had collaborated, in conjunction with Rallis Government (Quisling Government under the German occupation era), in the creation of security battalions.

The Government attempted to officer these battalions with known Fascists", the telegram said and continued, "the struggle that is now going on in Athens is not the struggle of anarchists, but of free people fighting for their freedom and independence. For the past two years of war, we have repeatedly stated we had to meet with force any attemp to impose a dictatorship. It is regrettable that the British Military Mission and other organisations have not represented these views to the British Government and yourself."

After declaring that the Greek Government has been appointed by the King, "who should himself be tried for his actions", the telegram alleged that General Scobie was trying to "conquer and occupy Greece" and was "taking the place of the Germans. As free men fighting with our fighters in Athens we shall continue the struggle wherever necessary, until you realise your responsibility to history and, reconsidering your decisions, cease to attack."

TERMS OF AGREEMENT

ATHENS, Dec. 16: General Scobie to-night (Saturday) issued the full text of the Caserta agreement—basis of the present negotiations between ELAS and himself.

Among the decisions recorded as accepted unanimously are: Firstly, Guerilla leaders undertake to forbid any attempt by units under their command to take the law into their own hands;

Secondly, no action to be taken regarding Athens except under General Scobie's direct orders;

Thirdly, security battalions would be treated as enemy formations unless they surrendered;

Fourthly, all Guerilla forces undertake to form a national union to co-ordinate activities in the best interests of the common struggle.—Reuter.

ELAS Hold Women And Children As Hostages

ATHENS, Dec. 17: From the Thessium district of Athens it is reported that ELAS forces have taken 167 women and children from the district "to be held hostages in the event of the British shooting ELAS prisoners."

General Scobie has taken up the matter with the International Red Cross.—Reuter.

What Is Emerging Out Of Greek Crisis

ATHENS, Dec. 16: After a day of continued fighting and nonstop political discussions and exchange of notes between EAM and General Scobie, following main facts emerge to-night in the crisis torn capital:

First, ELAS have agreed to withdraw from Attica, but have still to accept to General Scobie's demand that all their arms before General Scobie can agree to order cease fire.

Secondly, EAM are demanding the formation of a new Government of National Unity. They will leave the question of disarmament to this Government.

Thirdly, Archbishop Damaskinos has expressed his willingness to become Regent. The Regency proposal is believed to have British approval as it would constitute an independent central organ above party politics. This would help to remove the Left Wing's fear of a counter-revolution by the right. Various parties in the present Government are still discussing the Regency proposal but are likely to accept. Views of EAM on the subject have still to be expressed.—Reuter.

Greek Guerilla Forces To Be Disbanded

The order for disbandment of all Guerilla Forces—originally to have been carried out between December 10th and 20th—will be carried out. It is understood, as soon as this order is given by a new Government of National Unity. This implies that the constitution of a new Government is regarded by EAM as an essential condition for the end of the present deadlock.—Reuter.

GERMANS RECROSS LUXEMBOURG LINE

Major Offensive On First Army Front

S.H.A.E.F., Dec. 17.—The Germans made three slight gains in a series of counter-attacks against the First United States Army front, recrossing the border into Luxembourg and Belgium with good-sized infantry thrusts led by tanks, writes Reuter's special correspondent.

German attacks developed to-day into a major offensive. Under cover of heavy artillery large forces of infantry and armour spear-headed by unprecedented weight of tanks in this campaign, overran many points in First Army lines south of Monschau.

In another attempt to distract General Hodges from his drive around Duren and the Upper Roer five attacks were made during the night over a wide area—Germany, Belgium and Luxembourg. The Germans made penetrations varying upto few miles inside American lines. The deepest incision was into Luxembourg just south of Echternach. One of the attacks which was thrown in just before dawn was made by the largest force of tanks seen on this front for months. They struck in the area of the town of Honsfeld which is about 13 miles south-west of the German town of Schleifen. The Germans also bombed front line towns during night—among them Kleinhau, Bergstein, and Sweiffel near the upper reaches of the Roer.

General Patch's Seventh United States Army to-day advanced two miles into Germany on a 14-mile front occupying five villages evacuated by the Germans, one of them being Barr, the most easterly village in Germany yet captured by the Americans.

Today's 'communique' from Gen. Eisenhower's Headquarters says: "In the Saar Valley we are steadily enlarging our bridgehead across the river in Dillingen and Saarlautern sectors. Extremely heavy enemy artillery fire was encountered in the Saarlautern sectors. Extremely heavy enemy artillery fire was encountered in the Saarlautern bridgehead. North-east of Saargemund we made gains near Kabkirchen and farther east reached Gerscheim."

Siegen Bombed

LONDON, Dec. 17.

It is officially announced yesterday after R A F bombers escorted by fighters attacked the industrial and railway centre of Siegen to the east of Cologne. Two German aircraft were destroyed. One Allied bomber is missing.—Reuter.

PROSPECT OF EARLY THREE-POWER MEETING

LONDON, Dec. 16: Reuter's political correspondent writes that the profound disquiet produced in British political circles by Parliament's recent foreign policy debates was today allayed somewhat by reports from Washington of an early Three-Power meeting and the likelihood of a statement of American policy on Russian and British moves in Europe.

TONIC EFFECT

While the tonic effect of the Washington report is considerable, the Greek and Polish debates and the intervening Labour Party Conference crisis on Greece still leave Westminster with a marked sense of dismay. It is widely recognised that only the British public's singleness of purpose on the master question of winning the war has enabled the body politic to survive the three serious convulsions with danger of dissolution.—Reuter.

TEMPLEWOOD ASKS TO BE RELIEVED FROM SPAIN

LONDON, Dec. 17: It is officially announced that Lord Templewood has asked to be relieved as British Ambassador in Spain.—Reuter.

INDIAN TROOPS ADVANCE SOUTH OF MAUNGDAW

Mopping Up Operations Continue In Bhamo Area

KANDY, Dec. 17.

Following is the text of to-day's S.E.A.C. 'communique':—

FOURTEENTH ARMY FRONT: on the east bank of the Chindwin leading troops of the 11th East African Division are now two and a half miles east of Shwegyin and a village south of the Shwegyin-Yeu Road has been occupied.

FIFTEENTH INDIAN CORPS FRONT: East of Kalapanzin, West African troops continue to advance east of Buthidaung.

Indian troops occupied a feature in the coastal strip 17 miles south-south-east of Maungdaw.

NORTHERN COMBAT AREA COMMAND: Mopping up operations were continued in the Bhamo area yesterday. In the 36th British Division area there was patrol action south of Indaw and Katha.—A. P.

CONFIDENCE IN DE GAULLE

PARIS, Dec. 17: THE NATIONAL ASSEMBLY OF FRENCH LIBERATION COMMITTEE HAS UNANIMOUSLY PASSED A VOTE OF CONFIDENCE IN GEN. DE GAULLE.

Churchill To Make Further Statement On War

LONDON, Dec. 17: The Prime Minister, Mr. Churchill, will almost certainly make a further statement on the war and difficulties abroad before the House of Commons rises on Thursday for Christmas recess. There is not likely to be any debate on the statement.

Another course which Mr. Churchill is considering is whether he should broadcast. Much will depend upon developments. Eventually, he may speak both in the Commons and over the wireless.—Reuter.

DANUBE "DYKE" BREACHED

Nazis' Vain Bid To Protect S.-E. Gateways Of Germany

MOSCOW, Dec. 17.—The defence of Vienna is now becoming the Germans' main preoccupation as Budapest is now practically under siege. Battling beyond the Ipel River Line, the Red Army is now forcing the German flank in Czechoslovakia and North-eastern Hungary to crumble. It is likely that Marshal Malinovsky's troops will be the first to cross the Austrian border.

The so-called Danube "Dyke" has now been breached and a flood of Soviet troops is pouring into the whole area of the southern front from the Slovak mountains to the Yugoslav guerilla land. The Germans are scraping desperately for reserves as they are torn between the necessity of a pull-back on a shorter line and the desire to keep the war from the south-eastern gateways of Germany.

Meanwhile, in a futile attempt to strengthen and supply the trapped German groups in the Baltic, thousands of Germans have been sent to the bottom of the Baltic. German transports trying to creep along the coast by night have been sunk by Soviet planes.—Reuter.

Indian Scientists In U. S. A.

WASHINGTON: Six Indian scientists who arrived in the United States this week issued a joint statement detailing the large-scale industrialization and technological development planned for the future in India.

The joint statement said: "Our visit to the United States is a sort of quick view of the possibilities here for study. When we return to India we plan to send younger men to the United States to make more extensive studies."

They plan to make recommendations regarding the establishment of a permanent liaison office in Washington to study possibilities for training young men from India in order to facilitate the development programme and to recruit American talent and material to further plans for Indian scientific, industrial and agricultural activities.

Sir Jnan Chandra Ghosh commented on the chemical industries development within his country. Sir J. C. Ghosh said: "Now we want to stabilize these industries by organizing them on a large scale which will bring in a new era of ultimate prosperity for the Indian people. The chemical industries will be centered mostly in the areas of Calcutta and Bombay and where there is a surplus electric power."—U.S.O.W.I.

NEW ZEALANDERS CAPTURE FAENZA

Strong Enemy Resistance In Eighth Army Sector

Allied H. Q., Mediterranean, Dec. 17: Allied forces have captured Faenza in Northern Italy. It was taken after bitter fighting by General Freyberg's New Zealand Division which thrust into the city from the south-west and east across the Lamone River.

North of Bagnacavallo Canadian troops of the Eighth Army now hold the bridgehead over Canale Naviglio on a front of more than three miles. Enemy resistance in this sector still remains strong. Further west of Faenza Polish troops have continued to make progress against strong resistance and have captured a number of heights south of River Senio.

GERMANS ABANDONING PALATINATE BORDER

The German First Army appears to be abandoning the whole Palatinate border line except on General Patch's extreme left flank, where, aided by a good defensive country, they are offering resistance from the Maginot forts. German troops are rushing back into the Siegfried line a few miles away and taking along with the people of the small towns and villages between the border and the line.—Reuter.

From Reuter's Special Correspondent with the United States Seventh Army before the Siegfried line (Saturday night): German troops and all civilians are tonight evacuating many Palatinate border towns along the Seventh Army Front. Fighter-bombers are smashing the way ahead of the Seventh Army which is closing up to the Reach Frontier already breached in four places.

INDIANS OPPOSE SEGREGATION

Demand Franchise On Common Roll

The Secretary, Anti-Segregation Council of Durban, S. Africa, writes:

The undermentioned resolutions were passed unanimously at a Conference of my Council, held on the 12th November in Durban and where 65 delegates representing 15,308 members of their 28 organisations were present besides fraternal delegates.

1. This 2nd Conference of the Anti-Segregation Council assembled here today records its strong protest against the passing of the Residential Property Regulation Ordinance which together with other ordinances, aim at the complete segregation of the Indian people and further contends that this policy of racial segregation is diametrically opposed to the spirit and letter of the Atlantic Charter and Moscow and Teheran Agreements entered into by the United Nations and to which South Africa has subscribed. This Conference, therefore, urges the Union Government to concede the following:

(a) The vetoing of the R. P. R. Ordinance.

(b) The abrogation of the Pretoria Agreement.

(c) The unconditional repeal of the Pegging Act.

(d) Restoration of franchise on common roll—municipal, provincial, and parliamentary.

(e) Removal of all provincial barriers and colour bar restrictions in all spheres such as universities, industries, trades, etc.

(f) Free and compulsory education upto and including J. C.

(g) State subsidies and other financial assistance to be given to small market-gardeners and redistribution of fertile land.

2. This Conference calls upon the Government and people of India to recall the High Commissioner as a mark of protest against the S. African Government's fascist policy of race segregation, particularly in view of the fact that India is at present making a large contribution towards the war effort of the United Nations against fascism.

3. This Conference records its deep appreciation to the Government, the people and the Press of India for their courageous and firm stand against the fascist and race discriminatory legislation in S. Africa and calls them together with all other United Nations to continue the struggle against the Union Government's policy of race segregation, including the Pretoria Agreement, the R. P. R. Ordinance and the Pegging Act.

My Executive has also directed me to draw your attention to the fact that the Pretoria Agreement is not acceptable to the majority of the Indian people because it was entered into on their behalf by few leaders of the Natal Indian Congress without first obtaining a clear mandate from the Indian people. Even after the signing of the agreement these leaders dared not go to the people for the confirmation of their action because they knew very well that the Indian people of Natal will not accept this agreement. The Indian people have object and are still objecting against this agreement because it takes away one of the very few rights they possess now, the right of occupation.

I may add that the Anti-Segregation Council was formed on the 28th April 1944 in order to combat the implications contained in the Pretoria Agreement. At the first Conference of my Council, held on the 6th May 1944, 69 delegates unanimously passed the following resolution which clearly indicates the feelings of the Indian people of this country:

"This Conference of the Anti-Segregation Council protests against the Pretoria Agreement and the proposed Licensing Board because it feels that such discriminatory method has not and will not solve the problem of the Indian people. This Conference feels that the only solution to the so-called 'Indian Problem' is full and unrestricted franchise on the common roll."

CONGRESS & LOCAL BODIES PROBLEM

"A Simple And Forthright Test": Patil Commends Gandhiji's Solution

ARIYALUR, (Trichinopoly), Dec. 12.

Mr. S. K. Patil made special reference to the question of Congress and local bodies at the end of his presidential address at the Tamil Nad Congress Workers' Conference to-day.

He said, Congressmen in different provinces had not been able to decide what attitude they should adopt towards local bodies like municipalities and district boards".

Mr. Patil recommended Mahatma Gandhi's solution to this problem. "In institutions involving co-operation with the Government the Congress can participate if only they have full initiative and a complete majority of their own members without being forced to have unnatural and compromising combinations. That test is simple and forthright. Congressmen should resign from these bodies if they are in a minority and can possibly have no initiative either of plan or action."

Mudaliar's Tribute To Patil's Work

The Tamil Nad Provincial Congress Workers' Conference commenced in Ariyalur to-day Mr. S. K. Patil, presiding. This is the first meeting of the members of various branches of Tamil Nad Congress Sangham after it has been reorganised and reconstituted two months ago.

Over 600 workers including 150 members of Madras Legislature, District Boards and Municipalities are attending the conference. Those present included Prof. N. G. Ranga and Mr. T. S. Avanaasalingam Chettiar, both members of the Central Assembly, Mr. Kumarasami Raja, Mr. N. M. R. Subramani, Mrs. Rukmani Lakshmipathi, Mr. M. Radhakrishna Pillai, Mayor of Madras, Mr. M. Obedulla Sahib, Mr. Abdul Sathar, Mrs. Ammu Swaminathan and a number of ladies.

Mr. C. N. Muthuranga Mudaliar, President of Tamil Nad Sangham, requesting Mr. Patil to preside over the conference paid a tribute to his selfless work in the cause of Congress and the country for the last 25 years and said that Mr. Patil with remarkable ability and drive had successfully organised Congress activities in Bombay, Ahmedabad and other centres. He hoped Mr. Patil could give a lead and help them in their efforts at reorganisation of the Congress work in Tamil Nad.

Mr. Patil thereafter delivered his presidential address.—A. P.

MRS. LAKSHMIPATI RESIGNS

ARIYALUR, Dec. 17: Mrs. Rukmani Lakshmipati tendered resignation of Vice-Presidentship of the Tamil Nad Congress Committee. In a letter to the Provincial Working Committee, she says that due to "ill will and distrust" she has resigned.—United Press.

(SEE PAGE 5)

Trapped Jap Division Puts Up Suicidal Resistance

15 Enemy Ships Sunk Or Damaged Off Borneo

(General MacArthur's H. Q.)

PHILIPPINES Dec. 17.

Sunday's attack on Mindoro, referring to the capture of San Jose and an adjacent airfield in Mindoro Island, said that 24 Japanese planes over the Allied beachhead and shipping were shot down. Allied naval units destroyed and crippled a Japanese destroyer seeking refuge in Pandaro Chan Bay.

"The Seventh Division attacking north from Ormoc on Leyte hasseized the town of Cogon and a road junction to the north, securing commanding ground for further advance. The 7th division in the mountainous area north-west of Mahonag is completing the destruction of the isolated enemy forces of the traped 26th Japanese division. The enemy unable to withdraw is putting up suicidal resistance in the northern Ormoc corridor. The 32nd and first cavalry division made substantial gains in difficult terrain against havy resistance and hand-to-hand fighting is taking place as our troops storm enemy strongpoints. A counter-attack supported by tanks was repulsed.

In Luzon, fighter-combers attacked two aerodromes.

From small cargo ships and eleven luggers were sunk or damaged off Borneo.—Reutsr.

Air Base Construction At Mindoro

General MacArthur's Headquarters Philippines, Dec. 16: American forces on Mindoro have taken the town of Sanjose, five miles inland from their newly established beachhead. A board advance of seven to nine miles was made. Resistance was negligible. A Special correspondent on board United States flagship cables that an air base is already under construction on Mindoro. Australian Air Units which landed with the Americans are co-operating in the construction.—Reuter.

Jap Loss In Raid On Luzon

WASHINGTON, Dec. 16: American planes sank two small Japanese ships and left 15 others burning or damaged in attacks on Luzon in the Philippines, says a 'communique' tonight (Saturday). Four of the damaged ships were destroyers or destroyer escorts.—Reuter.

S. AMERICAN INTEREST IN INDIAN PRODUCTS

BUENOS AIRES, Dec. 11: Considerable interest in trading with India was encountered by the Indian Trade Commissioner, Mr. J. R. K. Modi who has just returned to Buenos Aires from a four months' trip to Chile, Peru, Ecuador, Colombia and Brazil.

Jute and jute manufacturers elicited interest in all the countries he visited although in Ecuador and Colombia extensive use was being made of a local fibre, "Cabuya" derived from a species of castus.

Cotton also elicited enquiries.

Indian tea was still in demand in the countries visited and there would appear possibilities of expanding its consumption.

Other Indian products found of general interest were spices, oil seed, medicinal herbs, Indian silk, both yarn and manufactured, wool, certain qualities of leather and small bazaar lines formerly exported by Japan such as household hardware, enamelled were, crockery glassware, etc. Enquiries were also received regarding possibilitis of export of chemicals.—Reuter.

'Black-Widow' night fighters early today spotted a ten-mile long German convoy moving south into Nevkirchen which is 13 miles beyond the Third Army Front. In a few moments many motor transports were ablaze.

Kumarappa In Washington

WASHINGTON, Dec. 17: Doctor J. M. Kumarappa, first guest from India of the State Department under its programme of cultural co-operation, arrived here for a three-week stay. Doctor Kumarappa, who is of the Tata Institute of Social Sciences in Bombay, will study social institutions in the United States.—Reuter.

LUCKNOW, Dec. 17.—A move is afoot to form a Committee of Congressmen and non-Congressmen to raise funds for supporting the family of Mr. Rajnarain Misra who was recently hanged in the Lucknow District Jail. Mr. Triloksingh Srivastava, a prominent Congress leader of Lucknow, is convening a meeting shortly for that purpose.—United Press.

STOP PRESS

"Communist Tactics And Betrayal Of Royists"

ARIYALUR, Dec. 17.—In the morning, the subjects committee discussed resolutions, the main resolution being the one relating to the formation of the Provincial Congress Sangam, excluding Communists. "Bharat Kavi" Karunachalam and Mrs. Nimbkar criticised the Communists' tactics and the "betrayal" of the Royists. Mr. S. K. Patil expressing his view, opined that the Communists did more harm to the Congress than anybody else. "They do not belong to our freedom force", he said. The resolution was carried, only one Congressman voting against it. United Press.

NEW FRANCO-SOVIET TREATY

LONDON, Dec. 17.

Paris Radio tonight announced that under a new Franco-Soviet Treaty, France and Russia are to continue to fight at each other's side and at the side of the United Nations until victory over Germany. No separate peace is to be signed with Germany, whether Hitlerite or not. Treaty is for 20 years. If at the end of that period it is not denounced, it remains in force until further notice.—Reuter.

BR. M.P.'S JIBE AGAINST CONGRESS

Party Of "One Country, One Party And One Leader": Will Labour Executive Act On India Issue?

(From Our Correspondent)

LONDON, Dec. 16.

Greece and India have proved beyond any doubt that not only is the Prime Minister controlled by the Tory Party Machine, but for a long time to come he could safely count on Labour support for his Foreign and India policy. There were cries of protests and derisive shouts when Mr. James Walker, M.P. of Iron and Steel Workers' Union was put up by the Executive to reply to the India debate at the Labour Party Conference. In his forthright manner, Mr. Walker described the Congress as a movement of "one country, one party, one leader," and insinuated that he had heard it somewhere on the Continent, meaning, of course, Nazi Germany.

Mr. Walker emphasised that Mahatma Gandhi never supported war against Japan. It was never possible for Britain to quit India and hand it over to Japan and anarchy.

Though the Conference showed its annoyance at Jimmy Walker by passing the resolution, which he had opposed on behalf of the Executive, yet the Conference showed itself highly ridiculous by passing simultaneously the resolution of Constructional Engineering Union, which Mr. Walker, on behalf of the Executive recommended to the delegates with the usual Imperialist arguments that Britain would quit India when all Indian parties and creeds are agreed over the Constitution which will safeguard the rights of Indian workers.

The debate pleased Right, Centre and Left and everybody interpreted it as his or her victory.

RADICAL DEMOCRATS

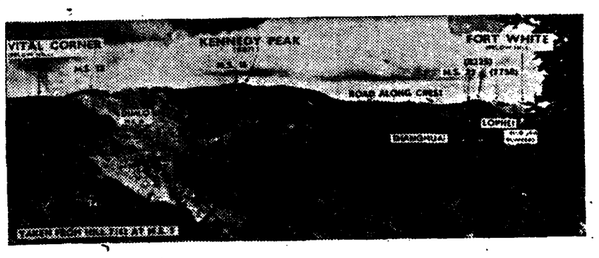
When as against Congress Mr. Walker commended on behalf of the Executive the Radical Democratic Party as a real party of workers and akin to the British Labour Party, there were again shouts from the hall that the Radical Democratic Party was subsidised by the Government.

The high moment of the Conference was indeed when for the second time delegates defeated the Executive and passed the N. U. R. (National Union of Railwaymen) resolution with a large majority urging negotiations with all leaders of the Indian people with a view to granting an opportunity to the people of India to establish a National Government.

WHAT MATTERS

What will now matter is what action the New Executive Committee of the Labour Party will take on this resolution.

I understand Mr. Arthur Greenwood, who is caught up with the idea with Lord Ammon sponsoring an all-party delegation to India will take up the matter of delegation immediately with the Prime Minister. He feels he is well-armed now with N.U.R. resolution in his pocket. Circles close to him say he is already in touch with Mr. Amery.



Panorama of the country over which the Fifth Indian Division has forced the Japs back to Kalemyo.

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the partnership subsisting between the undersigned Ambalal Chhabildas Shah and Narbadashanker Maganlal Rawal in respect of the business of "Picture Distributors" carried on in Bombay under the name and style of "Select Serial Supply Co." has been dissolved as from 14th December 1944.

Bombay, dated this 16th day of December 1944.

AMBALAL C. SHAH
NARBADASHANKER MAGANLAL RAWAL.

PARADISE PRODUCTS

Saffron, Zeera, Pure Honey, Bunafsha, Dried and Tinned Fruits, Almond, Walnuts, Mushrooms, Vegetable Seeds and Namdas, Pashminas and Tweeds etc., from

KASHMIR GENERAL AGENCY
(E. D.) Srinagar KMR.

Bhopal On "Events That Have Caused Grave Anxiety To Princes"

They Will Not Stand In Way Of India's Progress, Assures Nawab In His Rejoinder To Amery's Statement

NEW DELHI, Dec. 17.

The Chancellor of the Chamber of Princes, Nawab of Bhopal, in a statement on Mr. Amery's reference in Parliament to the resignation of the Standing Committee says:—

"I have seen press reports of the statement made by the Secretary of State for India in Parliament on the 13th of this month. This makes it necessary to explain that the Princes refrained, as agreed, from making a public statement indicating reasons for their resignations because they felt that it may cause unnecessary embarrassment.

"The Princes will be happy to note that the communications of the 2nd December 1944, to which a reference was made by the Secretary of State, was not intended to contain anything new in principle or policy. They feel that a public statement at this stage is not suitable for stating the issues involved. They will, at the appropriate occasion when discussions are held be able to indicate where, in their opinion, changes have occurred, and what led to the resignations.

"At this stage it would be sufficient to recall what the Princes have said before that the events of the past three or four years have caused grave anxiety and apprehensions to the Princes, big and small. They have without a single exception solidly stood by the Empire and their people have unconditionally and to the utmost of their capacity given of their very best in men, money, material and personal services towards the successful prosecution of the war. They have therefore not been able to understand why at this stage of their long and honourable relationship with the Crown, they should receive this treatment.

I repeat again the assurance already given that the States will not relax their efforts until final victory has been won over all the enemies of the King Emperor.

"I should also, in the course of this statement, like to make it clear that the Princes have no intention or desire, as is alleged in a section of the press, to stand in the way of the growth of India to its full stature, or to hinder the political, economic or social progress and advancement of their peoples.

"I am confident that when the time comes and it is necessary that the Princes should make sacrifices in the true interests of their country they shall not be found wanting.

"The Princes only ask for justice and fairplay. They have faith in Lord Wavell and rely on the good will of His Majesty's Government."—A. P.

TEHERAN, Dec. 17: Indian residents of Teheran have formed an Indian Troops' Welfare Committee to arrange entertainments for Indian soldiers. Weekly parties for Indian troops at the members' homes or at the Y. M. C. A. are planned and an extensive programme of entertainments has been arranged.—A. P.

Ranji Trophy

BARODA'S FIRST INNINGS LEAD

Rege's Stout Defence For Maharashtra

POONA, Dec. 17.

Attendance was moderate when the second day's play in the Western Zone Ranji Tropny match between Maharashtra and Baroda commenced here in fine weather and on a good wicket. Maharashtra lost one wicket early this morning when Gazali was caught by Powar at silly mid-on off Hazare (25/2/15).

After lunch the fourth wicket fell at 132 when Deodhar was caught behind the wicket off Hazare (132/4/39). The sixth wicket fell at 199, Amir Elahi bagged his first wicket of the match clean bowling Jadnav (199/6/26). In the very next over Rege fell a victim to a successful l.b.w. appeal off Hazare (Jr.) (199/7/72). Chandorker, coming next however, was soon sent back to the pavilion being l.b.w. to Amir Elahi before he had scored a single (201/8/0). Banerjee who came in next was bowled by the same bowler in the same over. Shinde was run out for four.

With a lead of 109 runs Baroda commenced their second innings at 4-15 p.m. with Raiji and Nimbalker to the bowling of Sohoni and Jadhav. Both the Baroda batsmen employed the tactics of hectic hitting and 100 of the innings went up as a result of 65 minutes batting. Deodhar then tried Chandorker, a slow spin bowler. When the score was 117 Chandorker who tried to stop a hot return from Nimbalker off his own bowling got hurt and had to retire. Half an hour before close of play Deodhar himself took the ball. With a single off the Maharashtra Captain Raiji reached his individual 50 with six fours to his credit. When Nimbalkar was 67 he survived a stumping chance. The partnership was, however, dissolved by Deodhar when in his third over Raiji stopped a straight one and was declared l.b.w. Yakub Sheik joined his Captain but returned to the pavilion almost immediately stumped by Gokhale off Shinde (131/2/2). Adhikari filled in the vacant crease and when stumps were drawn for the day the pair were together with the score at 133 for 2 wickets.

SCORES:
BARODA (1st Innings) 314
MAHARASHTRA (1st Innings)

Pandit b Hazare (Sr.) 0; Rege l.b.w. Hazare (Jr.) 72; Gazali c Powar b Hazare (Sr.) 15; Sohoni c Powar b Gul Mohmed 33; Deodhar c Nimbalkar b Hazare (Sr.) 39; Paranjpye c Adhikari b Gul Mahomed 10; Jadhav b Amir Elahi 26; Chandorker l.b.w. Amir Elahi 0; Gokhale not out 2; Banerjee b Amir Elahi 0; Shinde run out 4. Extras 4. Total 205.

BARODA (2nd Innings)
Raiji l.b.w. Deodhar 53; Nimbalkar batting 75; Y. Sheikh st. Gokhale b Shinde 2; Adhikari batting 1. Extras 2. Total (for 2 wkts.) 133.

All-India Badminton

FERREIRA BEATS MADGAVKAR

Great excitement prevailed in the Men's Singles event between H. Ferreira and V. A. Madgavkar. The match bitterly contested to the last point. Both displayed their game. And a feat to be marked in this was the grand recovery of Madgavkar in the second set from 3 to 12 to level with Ferreira. Ferreira played a superb game and some of his placements, and shots outwitted Madgavkar. However Madgavkar went down fighting.

Equally exciting match was the Mixed Double one between Davindar and Miss Tara Deodhar v. Mugwe and Mrs. Malhotra. It went to the 3rd set to finally decide the winner. Mugwe staged a clean game. His drops and placements saw the opponents yards away. Mrs. Malhotra though erring many times did play well to emerge out triumphant with Mugwe to play finals.

Prakash Nath and Davindar had almost easy time to beat their opponents. P. Perreira and Ashok Nath respectively.

Miss Chinoy and Miss Talyarkhan too played very well to beat Miss Suman Deodhar and Mrs. Malhotra. There was a good fight to the decider. But Mrs. Malhotra's committing faults often gave an upper hand to the winners.

SCORES:—Miss Talyarkhan and Miss Chinoy beat Miss Suman Deodhar and Mrs. Malhotra 15-9; 13-15; 17-15.

Prakash Nath beat R. Perreira 15-5; 15-6.

H. Ferreira beat V. A. Madgavkar 18-14, 15-18, 17-15.

G. Lewis beat B. D. Shroff 15-8, 15-6.

Mrs. Malhotra and D. G. Mugwe beat Miss T. Deodhar and Davindar Mohan.

R. S. M.

GWYER CHAMPIONS UNIVERSITY TEACHERS

NEW DELHI, Dec. 16.

Governments throughout India might have raised educational standards more than they have done, if they had insisted that every educational institution in receipt of Government assistance must qualify for that assistance by complying with certain minimum conditions, declared Sir Maurice Gwyer, Vice-Chancellor Delhi University, in his convocation address to the University to-day.

"Autonomy", he asserted, "is purchased at too high a price, if for example it implies freedom to neglect the interests of University teachers; and I fear that in far too many cases Governments have stood by and watched without emotion teachers being compelled to accept conditions of service which are a scandal and a disgrace. These things must stop. If there is to be any progress in education and the interests of the teachers, which in the fullest sense means also the true interests of the Universities, must be the first care of every Government which is distributing educational grants.

"In this particular respect we have happily no cause for complaint and good progress has been made in Delhi during the last two years. Much, however, still remains to be done.

In the teaching world, as elsewhere, the price of freedom is eternal vigilance; and the profession will best achieve the status which it ought to have by combining with its educational ideals a spirit of manly independence.—A. P.

W.I.S.C.A. IN A WINNING POSITION

AHMEDABAD, Dec. 17.

On the third day of West Zone Ranji Trophy match between W. I. S. C. A. and Gujarat, the former scored 271 in the second innings. Gujarat's score in the second innings was 96 for 4 wickets.

MADRAS TEAM PERSONNEL

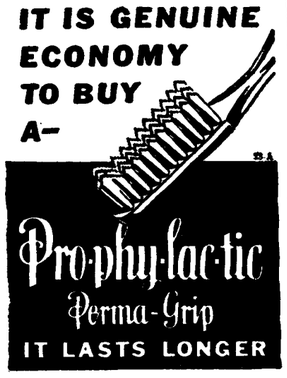
MADRAS, Dec. 17.

The following will represent Madras in the Ranji Trophy South Zone match against Hyderabad to be played in Madras on December 23,24, 25 and 26:—

C. P. Johnstone (Captain), M. Robinson, A. G. Ramsingh, A. Anantanarayan, S. S. Richardson, M. J. Gopalan, R. George, B. Chandrahas Alva, M. O. Srinivasan, B. S. Krishna, Rao and C. R. Rangachari.

RESERVES: M. Swaminathan, K. S. Kannan and T. S. Parankusam.—A. P.

IT IS GENUINE ECONOMY TO BUY A—



Pro-phy-lac-tic
Perma-Grip
IT LASTS LONGER

HAVE YOU ENSURED YOUR COPY OF

THE EASTERN ECONOMIST?

INDIA'S POPULAR & UP-TO-DATE ECONOMIC WEEKLY

Edited by
Dr. P. S. Lokanathan, M.A., D.Sc. (Lond.).

INDISPENSABLE FOR THE BUSINESS MAN, ADMINISTRATOR & SCHOLAR ALIKE

Specimen Copy sent on request

Please apply for rates and particulars to
THE MANAGER,
EASTERN ECONOMIST LTD.,
P. Box No. 34, NEW DELHI.

HINDUSTHAN MERCANTILE BANK LTD.

(Scheduled under Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934)

Head Office:
10, Clive Row,
CALCUTTA.

CAPITAL

Authorised	:	Rs. 2,00,00,000
Issued and Subscribed	:	Rs. 1,00,00,000
Paid-up		Rs. 50,00,000

BRANCHES:

208, Cross St., Calcutta, 63, Medows St., Bombay, Katra Ahluwalia, Amritsar, Majith, Mandi, Amritsar Gandhi Road, Ahmedabad, Station Branch Ahmedabad, Generalganj Cawnpore Opening Offices shortly at Lahore (Anarkali), Shyambazar (Calcutta), Kalbadevi and Zaveri Bazar (Bombay), Delhi (Chandni Chowk).

Board of Directors

SETH MUNGTURAM JAIPURIA, M.L.C., Chairman

Seth Abdul Wahed Adamjee, Seth Bhanwar Lal Rampuria, Seth Govindram Gordhandas Sekhsaria Rai Bahadur Seth Kedar Nath Khetan, M.B.E., M.L.C., Seth L. N. Birla, Seth Mohanlal Jalan Seth Manmohandas Madhavdas Amersey, J.P., Seth Pannalal Bansilal Pitti, Seth R. L. Nopany

JAYANTILAL L. THAKORE
Manager,
Bombay Branch.

All Banking Business Transacted.

THE
PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK
LIMITED.

Established 1895 — Head Office LAHORE

197 BRANCHES ALL OVER INDIA

Agencies in London and New York.

WORKING FUNDS EXCEED RUPEES 39 CRORES

Banking Business of every Description transacted.

BOMBAY OFFICES:

(1) Sir Pherozeshah Mehta Road, Fort.
(2) Kalbadevi Road, (3) Mandvi, (4) Lamington Road.

LOCKERS AVAILABLE

In our safe Deposit Vault at Lamington Road, Branch No. 4.

H. L. BEDI, District Manager. — YODHRAJ, General Manager.

SAVE YOUR LAND

HOW I. H. C. TRACTORS CAN HELP PRESERVE YOUR FIELD'S FERTILE SOIL

INDIA loses yearly wealth amounting to hundred of crores, when rain water washes fertile top soil from farmer's fields into the rivers and down to the sea. Perhaps you are sharing the loss, and soil erosion makes you poorer with every rain. Tractors and tractor-drawn implements have proved useful in anti-erosion, soil preservation and water conservation work. Contour-bunding, ditching and similar operations can be done easily and quickly over wide areas even if there be shortage of draught animals and labour.

Shown here is an "International Harvester" (I.H.C.) Tractor making contour-bunds with an Adams Terracer. Volkart Brothers can make this equipment available to you, together with implements for other farming operations. Only a limited number of Tractors however can come into India now; so if you are interested, write *without delay* stating your full name and address, the size of your estate, the crops grown and soil conditions.

Bunding and contour ploughing keeps rainwater on the field.

VOLKART BROTHERS

VB

Sole Importers of International Harvester Export Co's Agricultural Machinery. Bombay, P. O. Box 199.

VB. 4004 (56f)—Size 11"x2 cols. December 1944

FOR PROMPT RELIEF FROM COUGHS & COLDS

656

DISTRESSING cough and cold should never be neglected. Just take a COFEX Pastille and you'll find for yourself, why so many other people use only COFEX for cough, cold and other throat and chest troubles.

COFEX contains extract liquorice in highly concentrated form with other expectorants and oils such as menthol, anisi, pine, etc. Highly germicidal COFEX is stimulating, penetrating and helpful in drawing out local congestion and pain. Makes breathing easier—choking feeling disappears.

Available in bottles containing 35 pastilles at all Chemists and Stores. Also in Syrup form. Recommended by Doctors.

COFEX PASTILLES OR SYRUP

Sole Agents
VIJAYA CORPORATION
Lakshmi Building, Sir Phirozeshah Mehta Road, Bombay.

YOU..

YOUR MONEY..

AND THE FUTURE

"My money is my own. Why can't I spend it as I like?" Of course you can. But if you have earned it by the sweat of your brow you would not like to *throw* it away. This is exactly what you are doing every time you buy needlessly and at inflated prices. Much better to postpone your purchases till prices are normal again.

And do not forget the future. When victory is won and once again India turns her energies and resources to the arts of peace she will need all the capital she can get for post-war development. Whatever you save now will make a firm foundation for your future.

Insurance, Government Loans. National Savings Certificates. Post-Office Savings Bank. Savings Bank Account and Co-operative Societies are good investments. Your money is safe and these investments give you a fair return.

Save ALL YOU CAN AND INVEST ALL YOU SAVE

A NATIONAL APPEAL BY THE NATIONAL WAR FRONT

446 INS

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 18 April, 2017

3RD WEEK
BOMBAY TALKIES

JWAR BHATA

Produced & Directed by
AMIYA CHAKRABARTY
Starring: MRIDULA, SHAMIM, DILEEP KUMAR, AGHA JAN with MUMTAZ ALI
Music— ANIL BISWAS
Lyrics— NARENDRA
Dialogues—B. C. VERMA

MAJESTIC
Daily: 4 7 and 10 p.m.
Advance Booking:
9-30 a.m. to 12 noon
and 3-30 to 6-30 p.m.

SHE SINGS WITH DIVINE LILT
SUSHILA RANI
In
DRAUPADI
9TH WEEK AT
—IMPERIAL—
Daily: 4, 7, 10 P. M.
Matinee at 1-30 on Sundays

18TH WEEK
FAMOUS RELEASE
DASSI
MINERVA
Daily: 4, 7 & 10.
Sat., Sun., Holidays:
Matinees at 1-0

THE MOON IS UP!
PRABHAT brings you a romantic musical comedy

KRISHNA
DUBASH THEATRE.
Daily: 4, 7 & 10; Matinees at 1-0 on Sat., Sun., Holidays.
Plans Open 10 to 12 & 3 to 6.

67th WEEK!

ALL COLOURED COPY OF RAJKAMAL'S & V. SHANTARAM'S
SHAKUNTALA
Starring: JAYASHREE
Daily 4, 7, 10; Sat., Sun., Fri. 1-15 P. M.
SWASTIK

RAMOLA in Jayant Desai's
LALKAR 2ND WEEK
NEW WEST END
Daily: 4, 7 and 10
Sat., Sun., Holidays:
Matinees at 1
Plans Open 10 to 12 and 3 to 6.

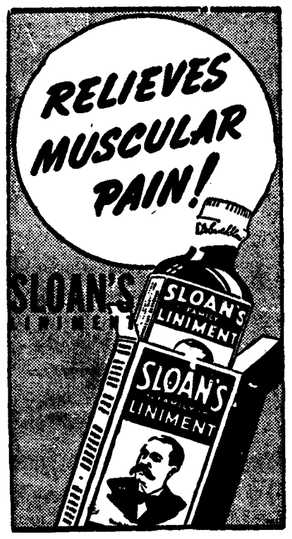
CROWDS GO CRAZY!
from
FRIDAY, 15th DEC.
Bombay Cinetone's SUCCESSFUL SOCIAL
LAL HAVELI
Producer: Director: K. B. LALL
Starring:
SURENDRA,
NURJEHAN,
ULHAS,
YAKUB, etc.
Daily: 4, 7 and 9-45 p.m.
Sat., Sun., Holidays: 1 p.m.
Advance Booking: 9-30 to 12-30 and 2-30 to 5 p.m.
CAPITOL
FULL HOUSES
Bombay Release: Dawlat Corp. Ltd.
Bombay Presidency: Kapurchand & Co.

The Miracle Of Love!
The man who trampled on woman's devotion remained to worship her as ideal!
RAJKAMAL presents the story of the triumph of woman's Love.

PARBAT PE APNA DERA
Written by DEWAN SHARAR
Directed by V. SHANTARAM
Starring: VANMALA, ULLHAS,
12th WEEK OF TRIUMPH
Daily: 4, 7, 10. Sat., Sun. 1 p.m.
NOVELTY
Plans open: 10 to 12-30, 4-30 to 7 p.m.

Malaria Or Fever Victim?
TAKE
NU-QUININE
(Certified by Doctors)
Temperature drops to normal with 6 tablets only. One tube for complete cure Price Rs. 1/12/- only. At all chemists.
Extracts of few unsolicited testimonials.
1. I certify that Nu-Quinine responded very well in cases of acute and chronic malaria... (Sd.) Dr A. P. V., L.C.P.S. Bombay.
2. We are fully satisfied with your Nu-Quinine....Dr. M. J. S Bombay.
3. Tried Nu-Quinine tablets in ever so many fever cases besides Malaria cases and found it excellent. (Sd.) Rev. M Allahabad.
4. Nu-Quinine tablets have given good results for Malaria patients. (Sd.) M. N. Garla Jagir, N. S. Rly.
(Originals open for inspection)

Sole Distributors:
BECKS TRADING CO.,
7, Peoples Bldg.,
Sir P. M Rd. Fort BOMBAY
Phone: 23848.



If due to War conditions your regular dealer is temporarily out of Sloan's Liniment, try again.

ZENANA SHOW
TO-MORROW AT 1-30 P.M.
RANJIT'S
SHAHENSHAH
BABAR
Daily: 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
ROYAL OPERA HOUSE
AJIT RELEASE

CITY AND SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Posh Shud 3, 2001
Muslim: Mohurram 1, 1364
Parsi: Tir 16, 1314
Sunrise: 8-6 a.m Sunset 7-5 p.m.
Hightide: 2-46, 14-31
Lowtide: 8-52, 20-30
Corporation meeting at 2 p.m.

To-day's Engagements

NOTICE TO JURYMEN

Common Jurors' attention is drawn to the Notice appearing in the Public Notifications Column.

FREEDOM GROUP: Prof. P A Wadia on "Planned Life" University Convocation Hall, 6-30 p.m Mr B G Kher to preside.

B. S. U.: Executive Committee meeting at 6-30 p.m in the office of the union.

FREEDOM GROUP: The President and members of the Committee of the Freedom Group will be at home to Dastur, Dr. M N Dhalla, of Karachi today (Monday) at 5 p.m in the rooms of the Indian Merchants' Chamber, at Churchgate.

ARYA SAMAJ ANNIVERSARY: Today (Monday) Nagindas C. Master, Mayor of Bombay, will preside and declare the celebrations open at 7-0 p.m Swami Vishuddhanandji, Prof Tarachand Gajra, Pandit Dwijendranath Shastri, Bhajanik Omprakashji will speak.

HINDU STUDENTS' CONFERENCE: The session of the Hindu Students' Federation which was to have begun in Bombay on Sunday was postponed to a later date owing to the inability of the president-elect, Dr B S Moonje, to attend same.

BOMBAY SHROFFS (BANKERS) ASSOCIATION LTD.: Members of the Bombay Shroffs (Bankers) Association Ltd. have resolved to close their Hundi and other business today (Monday) being Muslim New Year day.

SANTA CRUZ KRIDANGANA: Has arranged the annual sports to be held on 24, 25 and 26th instant in the Municipal Park, Juhu Road, Santa Cruz. All those staying or schooling in the Suburban District (B B & C I Rly) can take part in these sports. Particulars about entry, etc., can be had from the Secretary daily between 6-30 and 8-0 p.m. No entries will be made after the 20th instant.

SHARADA MANDIR GIRLS' HIGH SCHOOL: The annual social gathering was celebrated by the school on Sunday, at the New West End Theatre. Mr G R Paranjape, Principal of Royal Institute of Science, presided. Mrs. Paranjape gave away the prizes. A variety entertainment was given by the school-girls.

HARIJAN SEVAK SANGH: Under the auspices of the Harijan Sevak Sangh, free shows of cultural films have been arranged for Harijan women and children. The first show will be of 'Ram Rajya' on Sunday the 7th January 1945 at 9 a.m at the Super Talkies, Grant Road. Harijan workers may please inform the Secretary, Harijan Sevak Sangh, 2nd floor, Neptune Building, Hornby Road, within a week, the number of women whom they wish to bring to the show.

ALL-BOMBAY CATHOLIC YOUTH CONFERENCE: Is being convened on Wednesday December 27th instant to formulate the attitude to be adopted by youth on certain matters affecting the country and the community as a whole. Prof W X Mascarenhas, Principal of the Poona College of Engineering will preside.

FOLK DANCES AND MUSIC: A feature of this year's X'mas entertainments in Bombay is the dance recitals which are promised at the Royal Opera House on the 28th and 29th instant by troupe of the Vidya Bhavan, Udaipur. The troupe consists of 25 boys and girls specially trained in dancing and music in the Kala Mandir of the Bhawan under the direction of their Guru Devilal Samar.

SIR PERCIVAL DAVID CHALLENGE CUP: In Volley ball tournament on Saturday the Hindu Gymkhana gave a clear walk over to Ruia College. On Sunday Labour Welfare Centre, Delisle Road, defeated the New Volley Ball Club, Dadar. Score; 15—5, 15—5.

CITIZENS' COMPLAINTS ABOUT INSANITATION

Personally to receive and attend to such complaints, Mr N B Paruiekar, Public Relations Officer of the Bombay Municipal Congress Party, will, on alternate days in every week, visit different areas of the city. Next week's programme is as follows:—He will be present between 9-30 and 10 a.m on Monday, the 18th, at Shenvi Wadi, in front of "Navakal" office; on Wednesday, the 20th at Tardeo, Associated Press Entrance; on Friday, the 22nd, in front of Rambharose Hindu Hotel, Grant Road, Corner. On Saturday, the 23rd inst. he will be present at the Municipal Commissioner's round at 8-30 a.m at the junction of Chinch Bunder Road and Sandhurst Road (near Petrol Pump).

TO-DAY ON RADIO

MONDAY, Dec. 18.
BOMBAY—1

244 m (1,231 kc/s) 8-0 a.m News (H) 8-15 News (E) 8-30 Girijabai Kelekar 8-50 News (M) 9-0 News (G) 9-10 Tomorrow 9-15 V M Hindalekar 9-30 Songs (H) 9-45 Violin Trio 12-30 p.m Geet Mala 12-45 News (M) 12-50 News (G) 12-55 News (H) 1-0 For Women (H) 1-30 News (E) 1-40 Familiar Music 5-0 B D Wadikar 5-30 Rasik M. Mehta 5-40 Dhun Bhimpalas 5-55 Locals 6-0 Monday at Six 6-30 News (E) 6-40 News (H) 6-45 Commentary 6-50 Rasik M. Mehta 7-0 In India (G) 7-15 Leelavati L Wagh 7-30 Kannada Songs 7-45 Film Music 8-0 V M Hindalekar 8-15 News (M) 8-30 News (G) 8-45 Topical Talk 9-0 News (H) 9-20 News (E) 9-30 B B C News 9-45 Sports Review (E) 10-0 Leelavati L Wagh 10-15 V M Hindalekar 10-30 Girijabai Kelekar.

WARNING TO CLOTH-QUOTA-HOLDERS

With a view to securing a proper distribution of cloth and yarn, the Cotton Cloth and Yarn (Control) Order, 1943, has been so amended as to vest in the Textile Commissioner to the Government of India very wide and extensive powers of direction to manufacturers and dealers in regard to the distribution of cloth and yarn including powers to fix the dealer's margin of profit.

In pursuance of this amendment the Textile Commissioner has issued an Order dated 16th instant directing that no quota-holder carrying on business in the city of Bombay or in the Bombay Suburban District shall sell or deliver any cloth purchased by him directly from a manufacturer or open any such bale of cloth except in accordance with a permission or direction issued by the Textile Commissioner.

This Order comes into effect immediately and applies both to existing stocks of cloth and also to future deliveries from mills; in this connection quota-holders are warned that failure by them to take deliveries of cloth from the mills will result in the forfeiture of all their quotas in the future.

VILLAGE WORKERS' SCHEME

Plans Being Made At Sevagram

NAGPUR, Dec. 16.

The Village Workers' Scheme which is being evolved at Sewagram has been taken a step further with the appointment of a syllabus sub-committee consisting of Messrs. S. K. Jaju, R. S. Dhotre, Dhirendra Mazumdar, Krishna Das Gandhi, Keshaorao Deodhar, Jeverbhai Patel, Parnekar and Aryanayakam.

Some of the members are in charge of the curriculum for the Khadi Vidyalaya at Sewagram which is the premier institution for teaching all subjects theoretical and practical relating to spinning and weaving. This sub-committee, together with other members who may be co-opted, will frame a syllabus for other village industries and other subjects to be taught to village workers.

SERVICE AS LIFE'S GOAL

The work of selection of candidates would be slow as only those candidates would be accepted who were likely to adjust their habits to the new environment in the villages and who have made service their goal in life. Therefore the scheme would be started with only a few candidates.

Finance for such a colossal scheme would be at present a great problem, the member said. Some money in the Charka Sangha would be available for immediate needs. But when the scheme developed and further funds were needed it was hoped that the public would come forward as it always had done for a good cause.

MANY APPLICATIONS

Large numbers of applications from candidates for training have already been received but they will not be considered until the training organisation has been set up.

Mr. Kanu Gandhi is starting a village workers' training camp on January 11. In this camp training in constructive work especially spinning will be given. Some of the workers trained at this camp will have a chance of selection for the above scheme.—A. P.

Badruddin Tyebji Centenary

An interesting function took place on Saturday at Mr. Faiz B. Tyebji's residence, Somerset Lodge, Cumballa Hill. There was a family gathering of the Tyebjis and their kinsmen and a few guests including the Hon. Mr. Pakwasa, Mr. S. A. Brelvi, Mr. Vaikunt Mehta and Professor and Mrs. Nadvi, Mr. Wandrekar, Mr. M. Harris and Mr. Shahab. Dr. Alma Latifi presided.

Mr. Ilias Moizuddin read the poems composed for the occasion by Mrs. N. Fatehali. Numerous addresses presented to Badruddin Tyebji with a gold medal from the Sultan of Turkey, the robes of his office as judge and grand master of the Masons and College Certificate of Honour were among articles exhibited. (A judge's collar made by Mrs. Badruddin Tyebji attracted special notice by its fine work.) Mrs. Safia Jabir Ali addressed the gathering in Urdu illustrating the domestic life of her father Badruddin Tyebji.

Mr. Husain B. Tyebji gave a detailed history showing the various channels through which Badruddin Tyebji had unceasingly served the country from the commencement of his career by his fight for the rights of Indians. He began practice as barrister in 1868. He took an active part in the great municipal convulsions of June 1870. In 1873 he was among the batch of men elected in the first municipal election and continued to be elected 5 times till 1883 on ground of public service. He wrote in papers on public affairs, carried on continuous correspondence with Government officials for employment of Indians in general and Musalmans in particular. On the foundation of the Anjuman-i-Islam in 1867 he became a member and served as Secretary and President.

Unceasingly for 30 years until his death in 1906 he inspected the School and the society every week. He took an active part in the Education Commission of 1882 under Sir William Hunter appointed by Lord Ripon, collected information and contributed most weighty evidence. For 4 years 1882-1886 he was member of the Bombay Legislative Council and of its Committees and devoted his whole vacations to it. He took a leading part in all public affairs and was the mover of the first resolution in every public meeting from 1883 to 1895 when he was raised to the Bench. In 1884 on the Bombay Presidency Association being founded with Pherozeshah Mehta and Telang as Secretaries he was the first Chairman of its Council and there were as many as 19 meetings in 1886. He was Chairman of the Council of that Association when in 1885 the first Congress was held in Bombay, though he could not be present at the Congress. He was unable also to accept the presidentship of the 2nd Congress as he was out of Bombay but presided at the 3rd Congress in Madras in 1887 and during the whole of 1888 worked most actively for it.

From 1895 though on the bench he took active part in all the matters such as the Transvaal question, plague administration, inoculation, social and physical movements. In 1903 he presided over the Mohemadan Educational Conference. Before his death, he acted as Chief Justice of the Bombay High Court and left for England in 1905 where he died. Dr. Latifi in a short speech spoke of an incident when Badru Tyebji had exhorted him to serve the country emphasising the need for earnestly serving the country.

Trial Of "Nagakanya" At Marathi Literary Conference

BOMBAY, Sunday.

The third (concluding) day's proceedings of the Bombay and Suburban Marathi Literary Conference consisted of an interesting item. A trial, with regular court forms was held in which Mr. G. T. Madkholkar, author of a novelette called 'Nagakanya' was asked to show cause why proceedings against him should not be started for writing that book. The President was converted into the Judge and advocates for against pleaded their cases.

Two Press Correspondents Arrested

(From Our Correspondent).

AMRELI, Dec. 7.

Mr. Gaurishankar, Press Representative of "Sandesh" and "Gujarat Samachar" of Ahmedabad, and Mr. Labshanker, local representative of "Janmabhumi" have been arrested under D.I.R.

... HAS MADE THEM THE NATIONAL PREFERENCE!
Help yourself to a Caravan! It's air-conditioned which means that it retains its extra strength—extra freshness just think of it. Caravan Cigarettes are made under the most hygienic conditions in a Factory where the air is washed and sterilised before it enters. That's why Caravan Cigarettes have a National preference.
2½ ANNAS FOR TEN
CARAVAN
THE Air-Conditioned CIGARETTE
THE NATIONAL TOBACCO CO. OF INDIA LIMITED.
ACI-C 29

Make your SMILE enviable
KEEP YOUR TEETH NOT ONLY BEAUTIFUL BUT HEALTHY
Dentists recommend regular use of THYMOCIN which banishes Pyorrhoea, Gingivitis, Ulceration, Foul Breath, and Inflammation of the Gums.
THYMOCIN can be used just as tooth paste or powder.
Sole Agents:
T. M. THAKORE & CO., 43, Churchgate Street, Fort, BOMBAY.

THYMOCIN
OBTAINABLE EVERYWHERE

Save wisely! Invest in 3 year cash Certificates
EXCHANGE BANK OF INDIA & AFRICA LTD.
FORT, BOMBAY AND BRANCHES

GET RID OF YOUR PILES
Be fit again by using
HAEMOVIN
THE BRITISH SUBSTITUTE FOR HADENSA
Ask your Chemist or Phone 22904

ALWAYS ON TOP
STANCREAM
THE BEST HAIR DRESSING
It fixes the hair, produces gloss, absolutely free from Gum, clean to use and is GOOD FOR THE HAIR
SMITH STANISTREET & CO. LTD. Calcutta Bombay Madras Karachi Lucknow Amritsar
SSK 103

REWARD Rs. 500
World's Greatest Herbal Invention of the 20th Century
A wonder of the wonders. A boon for ladies and gents
Hair-Kill Lotion
Daily Shave, no longer a necessity Throw away your razors.
The lotion is absolutely harmless and without any after effects. It has the rare property of removing the hair from the roots leaving the skin soft, smooth and velvety People of both sexes use HAIR KILL LOTION throughout India and highly speak of its miraculous results. To make it popular it is priced at Rs 3 packing and postage extra. A cash reward of Rs 500 would be offered to any public man who proves the ingenuineness of the testimonials. Order now lest you be disappointed
IMPERIAL CHAMBER OF SCIENCE, P.B. 61, (B.C.B.) LAHORE.

If Winter Comes—
Hope Springs eternal in Human breast. The dreary wintry days of ailments bring in their wake, hope of recovery and Spring of life with regular use of Malt, minerals, vitamins, unsaturated fat and lipoids in VITO-MALTONE.
Can Spring be far behind?
VITO-MALTONE
INDIAN HEALTH INSTITUTE - CALCUTTA

TIPS FOR SHOPKEEPERS.

Note that every article you sell is now under control.

Report your supplier to the authorities if he charges an unreasonable price. You cannot only claim refund of the excess you may have paid over the controlled price but Government will also assist you in procuring fresh supplies.

Remember that the Ordinance is now the law of the land and all its provisions have got to be respected. Violation of any of the provisions of this Ordinance will be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to 5 years or with fine or with both.

BOARDING & PROFITEERING
HPPO
PREVENTION ORDINANCE
CONTROL

Issued by the Department of Industries and Civil Supplies, New Delhi.

AAA-1456.

ALL-INDIA WEATHER

POONA, Dec. 17.

Following is the weather chart showing maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches recorded at nine hours I.M.T. on 14-12-1944:—

Allahabad 77 49 0, BOMBAY 85 71 0, Calcutta 82 54 0, Cawnpore 77 44 0, Cuttack 84 58 0, Darjeeling 49 38 0, Delhi 77 42 0, Dehra Dun 71 41 0, Jacobabad 75 45 0, Karachi 80 60 0, Lahore 70 40 0, Lucknow 79 46 0, Madras 80 72 0, Nagpur 86 58 0, Patna 75 51 0, Peshawar 65 40 0, Shillong 63 38 0, Simla 50 39 0.—A. P.

A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

Free people are within their own borders the best judges of their own affairs. But where are concerned the interests of a large population governed by a dominant class, the members of that class whose apparent interests lie in a continuance of that domination, cannot as a rule fairly judge.

—Alfred Webb.

The Bombay Chronicle

INDIA AND BRITISH LABOUR

Though the people of India have long ceased to believe that any real help to them in their struggle for national freedom can come from the British Labour Party as a whole, still the adoption by the Party Conference, London, of the resolution calling for the release of the imprisoned Indian leaders so as to facilitate the establishment of a responsible national Government in this country, will be welcomed as a sign of the awakening among the working classes to their duty towards the Indian people. The taint of imperialism has diffused itself far too wide and far too deep in the British social fabric for the rank and file of the working classes to remain unaffected by it. So far as foreign, including Indian, problems are concerned, the majority of the British Labour leaders, especially those who have either tasted the sweets of office or are longing to do so, have shown by their actions, if not also by their public pronouncements, that they are hardly less imperialistic and anti-democratic in their outlook than the Tory die-hards. One has only to cite the examples of Ramsay MacDonald, Ernest Bevin and Attlee, not to mention fiery Shinwell, to bear out the truth of this observation. There is, therefore nothing to be surprised at in the attitude of hostility shown by the executive of the Labour Party towards the resolution sponsored by the National Union of Railwaymen which asked for the release of the Congress leaders. It remains to be seen whether this executive, among whom are a number of pseudo-democrats, will loyally abide by the verdict of Conference and call upon the Labour Ministers in Mr. Churchill's Cabinet to demand the release of the Indian leaders or whether it will manoeuvre quietly to smother the resolution. If they resort to the latter tactics, they may succeed in warding off for a while a crisis in the Cabinet, but they will be inviting sure trouble for themselves sooner or later, since the ranks of the Party, who have been getting more and more restive over the repeated betrayal of democratic causes by the Labour Ministers, are bound to call them to account at the next Party elections.

Whatever the attitude the executive of the Labour Party and the Labour Ministers in Mr. Churchill's Cabinet may adopt towards the resolution, the bar of public opinion, whether in this country or in Allied countries outside Great Britain, will not fail to give its verdict on the steps which the British Government will take or fail to take in consequence of the unmistakable demand the British working classes have made for the release of the Indian leaders and peaceful settlement of the Indian problem. One of the Labour M. P.'s, Capt John Dugale, has just told his countrymen that the problem of India will never be solved while Mr. Churchill is Prime Minister. The entire political record of Mr. Churchill in office as well as outside it has amply shown that he is Enemy No. 1 of Indian nationalism. In his eyes India is of value only as 'that most truly bright and precious jewel in the crown of the King, which more than all our other Dominions and dependencies constitutes the glory and the strength of the British Empire' and "the loss of India would mark and consummate the downfall of the British Empire." His fear of and opposition to Indian nationalism are rooted in the spirit of Imperialism which has inspired his entire political career and which still burns fiercely in his breast, inspite of the mighty forces arrayed against it in all parts of the world.

It is a mistake to imagine that Mr. Churchill's unbending hostility to the Congress and his denunciation of its leaders are the inevitable consequence of the attitude adopted by the Congress towards the present war. So far back as 1930, even when he was not shouldering an official responsibility, he had openly declared that 'sooner or later you will have to crush Gandhi and the Indian Congress and all that they stand for.' It will be seen that it is not "Gandhi and the Indian Congress" alone that Mr. Churchill wanted to see crushed, but also "all they stand for"—meaning the national movement in this country, the movement which seeks to free India from slavery to Britain. He wants to prevent at all costs India raising her head and standing erect. To him and his fellow-Imperialists like Mr. Amery, the unsettled conditions engendered by the war and readiness of people everywhere to submit to restrictions on their liberties for the sake of victory against the enemy afford a golden opportunity to crush once and for all the back of the resurgent national movement in this country. The "August Resolution" of the Congress is merely a cloak to put into execution their cherished imperialist plans. They have no desire to see any really responsible national government functioning in this country. They genuinely fear that the release of the Congress leaders might give a fillip to the national demand for a truly national government, in place of the make-believe one which they have set up in the country. It is that secret fear which is at the back of the reluctance to release the Azads, the Nehrus of the Congress. It remains to be seen how long they will continue to defy the incensed public opinion of the world, including that of their own countrymen.

Churchill's Counter-stroke

Whether Mr. Churchill's speech on the Polish question will help to solve the Russo-Polish problem or not, it is undoubtedly a clever stroke of international policy on the part of a man who has entangled himself and his Government in the serious Anglo-Greek mess. Mr. Churchill's wholehearted support to the Russian attitude, his proclaimed resolve to stand by Russia at the peace conference and an open avowal that he was bypassing the Atlantic Charter—all ensure at least silent acquiescence by Russia in British policy in Greece. This is not to say that Mr. Churchill's attitude towards Poland is new; in fairness to him, he has all along urged on the London Poles the acceptance of the Curzon Line. What is new is the categorical and emphatic language of his pledge to Russia. It is, for the British Government, timely and may quite probably be rewarded with a desired response in respect of Greece. That is not all. Mr. Churchill's Government was badly isolated as a result of the extensively popular and "dramatic" announcement by Mr. Stettinius. The British Premier has tried a neat counter-move to turn the tables on the United States by prominently stressing American lack of decision in connection with the Polish question and drawing a lurid—the point about it is that it is correct, too!—picture of the consequences of disunity among the Big Three. Now America, because of its large Polish population as also for other reasons, is more sympathetic towards the London Poles than is Mr. Churchill. But if it does not line up with Russia and Britain, it may be isolated. A nice dilemma. But it is more. The whole international situation is becoming piquant—and dangerous.

We have suggested one reason for Mr. Churchill's speech which, of course, should be regarded as including its faithful repetition by Mr. Anthony Eden. But another reason must be the Polish question itself. The other day we expressed the hope that the plan reported to have been drawn up by Ministers inside Poland would open the way to a settlement. Mr. Churchill and Mr. Eden, however, say that the situation is definitely less hopeful than ever before. Has something happened which had led him to feel that the present Polish Premier and his Government are so implacably obstinate that, if anything at all, only a public warning bordering on threat can induce them to compromise? Whatever the reason the London Poles will be making a tragic blunder if they do not change their attitude and that quickly. The circumstances are entirely against them. They cannot fight the Anglo-Russian combination supported, moreover, by a great body of fellow-Poles; they will only end as permanent emigres. Moreover, even apart from political expediency, they have little justification left for their stand since M. Mickolajczyk, as Mr. Churchill suggests, has himself accepted the Curzon Line. And M. Mickolajczyk is the leader of by far the largest of the political parties that supported the London Poles.

Frankly Speaking

Unjust And Unwise

We believe, as we have said before and repeated elsewhere to-day, that the London Poles would be suicidally unwise not to come to a settlement with Russia on the basis of the Curzon Line. They would be so despite the unquestionable fact that both Russia and Britain are palpably ignoring their solemn commitments under the Atlantic Charter. But whether we condemn the London Poles or sympathise with them, we cannot but deplore the Russo-British plan to compensate the Poles at the expense of the Germans. It is, of course, clear that this desire to compensate the Poles is merely secondary to the main motive idea of dismembering Germany, of amputating a German limb. The Germans are certainly guilty of aggression and barbarities and so on. They deserve punishment and they cannot escape it. But what is proposed is less punishment than a cruel cutting of chunks of the German corpse unworthy of those who claim to be fighting for justice, democracy and lasting peace and contentment. A proud German will be bitter enough after the humiliation of defeat and unconditional surrender. If he is deprived of territory which is his own his bitterness will only be perpetuated destroying every hope of a lasting peace. Incidentally, the Anglo-Russian united front on this issue will probably be another headache for President Roosevelt and Mr. Stettinius.

Realities And Unrealities

Lieut-Col. G. R. Stevens is reported to have observed in an address before the East India Association in London that "Britain must either make India her willing associate or else get out." In his opinion the only way to make India a willing associate is to persuade her 400 millions of people to believe that "the British are prepared to relinquish their status as superior beings and are willing to become partners and associates in the business of living in India." The rub, however, lies in the fact that very few performances of Britishers in India, particularly of those who compose the official hierarchy, are calculated to convey to the Indian masses the impression that their British rulers are prepared to relinquish their positions of power and self and become "partners and associates" of Indians, in the manner suggested by the Colonel. The latter appears to believe that the British Army in India, which represents, in his view, "that tolerant, practical and fair-minded Britain which had so much to offer to the world", can be used as "ambassadors of goodwill" to the masses of this country. Such a suggestion, however well-meaning, can only be described as fantastic. In the first place the Army can only be a drop in the ocean which is India. Secondly steeped in illiteracy as they are and totally lacking in knowledge of English, to expect the Indian masses to form any social contacts worth the name with British soldiers is the height of absurdity. Probably the Colonel has in his mind the comradeship which he has seen existing between Indian and British soldiers in the field and the fraternisation between the British soldiers and some educated Indians here and there which one notices in large towns like Bombay and Calcutta. But it is idle to expect that such comradeship in the field and fraternisation in large towns can solve the political problem of a big country like India.

Wanted One More College For Bombay

It is very gratifying to note that more than half a dozen new colleges will be started in our province in the next year. The number of students passing at the Matriculation examination is increasing every year and undoubtedly the thirst of higher knowledge can be satisfied only if these students can be admitted to the different colleges. However, the accommodation in the existing colleges is extremely limited at present, and quite a large number of students is refused admission for one reason or other, and is thus prevented from higher studies and ultimately from broader outlook and higher status in life. The opening of new colleges is a move, therefore, in the right direction.

It is, however, extremely surprising to find that no such attempt is being made for the City of Bombay itself. The population of the city has increased immensely in recent times and we very well know how this has reflected upon the admissions of the students at the present colleges in our city. One will hardly forget the grave situation that was particularly created last year and how the University authorities had to be approached for much help. It will be easily understood that these difficulties will not be lessened in the future years. There is every possibility, on the other hand, that these admissions will be more and more difficult year by year.

The necessity of having additional colleges in this city is, therefore, quite overdue; and will it not be only proper if steps be taken from now in this connection? Hardly any great effective steps can be taken if this difficulty is realised only in June, when colleges will reopen, and when numerous students will actually be refused admissions. No new colleges can then come into existence all of a sudden and even the University authorities cannot possibly then help the situation very much.

Will this be realized by those who are interested in the welfare of the students of this city? The Students' Unions should take up this problem immediately in order to render some really useful and constructive help to the student world. Charitable trusts, private or public, and the Favourites of the Goddess of Fortune can also do a lot to ease the situation by making the best and blissful use of the riches in this direction. They say, gentlemen like Mr. K. M. Munshi and others do think of starting some new college in this city. But nothing is as yet definitely known to the public about it. Again, the need of such new colleges is greater today than at any other time, and it will be better if the matter is not postponed for any future date, but is seriously taken into consideration without further delay.

It will also not be out of place here to add that a Science College is more needed than an Arts one in the present times. A larger number of students is now willing to take up Science courses and, again, this is exactly what is very much to be desired for the industrial advancement of our country. But unfortunately many of these students are unable to get admissions at the Science classes and are thus forced to go to the Arts classes. It will, therefore, be in the fitness of things if this important issue is also not lost sight of. No doubt the Science Colleges will be more expensive, especially in present circumstances, when some apparatus, chemicals, etc. can be had with great difficulty. But if steps are taken right from today much can be done in this direction also. It should not be at all impossible to get the materials, at least for F. Y. Sc. and Int. Sc. classes; and what is being considered to be possible for opening Science Colleges at Ratnagiri, Jalgaon and other places should not be impossible to do for Bombay.

G. R. GANATRA.

No Solution Of Indian Problem While Churchill Is Premier

Fruits Of His Policy Are Crowded Prison Cells Says Labour M.P.

LONDON, Dec. 16: Capt. John Dugale, Labour Member of Parliament for West Bromwich, said at Tollesbury, Essex, to-day: "The problem of India will never be solved while Mr. Churchill is Prime Minister. The fruits of his policy are crowded prison cells. The Labour Party Conference has demonstrated that their doors must be opened and there is no doubt that the conduct of affairs in India will be an election issue."

PRESS COMMENTS ON LABOUR PARTY POLICY TOWARDS INDIA

The Labour Party Conference debate on India was prominently published in London and Provincial Press, but hitherto there was little comment. The "Manchester Guardian" in an editorial says: "On India, the Labour Conference preferred a pretty honest demand for Indian negotiations for 'Responsible National Government' and release of political prisoners to the Executive's plea that it should stick to platitudes. Mr. Walker for the executive asked that the Conference should not go beyond past declarations. The Conference quite justly did not see why it should be tied. The question was hardly debated fully and the vote should probably be taken as no more than a natural expression of impatience. But it is good to see that some people are interested in India's affairs."

WHAT LASKI WOULD HAVE DONE

The London correspondent of the "Birmingham Post" writes: "The Executive acted strangely in putting up Mr. J. Walker of the iron and steel federation to oppose the amendment. He is regarded as belonging to the Right Wing and is scarcely a tactful spokesman needed for such a part. In fact he trailed his coat and seemed to take a malicious delight in rousing the anger of the delegates. When the vote was taken on a show of hands, the Executive was decisively beaten and Mr. Walker was loudly jeered.

To add to his discomfiture Prof. Laski after announcing the result declared he too would have been with the majority had he been free. This last clash typified the Conflict which ran right through the Conference.

The Executive's reports were framed with one eye on Labour Members of Government, but the delegates continually disregarded this and were easily led by extremists. The Socialist Party or at least its delegates and candidates seem to have moved further to the Left. A steadying influence, time after time, was the Trade Union vote."—Reuter.

VICEROY'S SPEECH "MISLEADING"

NEW DELHI, Dec. 17: The Working Committee of the Delhi Provincial Muslim League adopted a resolution to-day opining that the Viceroy's speech at the Associated Chamber of Commerce, Calcutta was "misleading" and that his characterisation of the present Executive Council as a National Government was "nothing short of political mockery."

The Committee deplored the Viceroy's attitude to Pakistan and regarded his assumption that India was not in need of a major surgical operation as "an attempt to sow further seeds of dissension in the country and deceive outside world opinion."—United Press.

STATES MUST FALL IN LINE WITH BRITISH INDIA

LONDON, Dec. 16: Many plans now under consideration for the social and economic betterment of Indian people after the war depend for complete success on the co-operation of "Indian India", declared Sir Frank Brown, Secretary, East India Association, in an article in the December issue of "Commonwealth and Empire Review."

No blueprint for the future can be described as of an All-India character, if it leaves out two-fifths of the Indian Empire which is under the rule of Princes. Their participation, however, must be voluntary since they are outside the jurisdiction of the British Indian administration and legislation.—Reuter.

Will Working Committee Members Be Released?

WARDHA, Dec. 17.

"I am not without hope" observed the Hon. Sardar Jogendrasing, Executive Councillor when asked about the possibility of release of the Working Committee Members for a solution of the political deadlock during the pendency of the war.

He left for Wardha last night en route to Madras.—A. P.

PARTITION OF EUROPE

"Observer's" Revelations About Teheran Pact

LONDON, Dec. 17: Europe has been mapped into zones in which Russia, Britain and United States respectively will be the prevailing power, according to "A Student of Europe" in the Sunday newspaper "Observer."

The Teheran Agreement, he says, is a great historic partition treaty and although the scheme may not yet be complete, no one will doubt, for example that Poland lies in Russian and Greece in British zone.

"These two cases" he writes "show one of the greatest weaknesses of the Teheran policy: that it pays little heed to the wishes of the people concerned. But the case that can be made for Teheran is formidable. Would not the alternative, as far as Britain and Russia are concerned be wither a scramble for positions in Europe with war as the probable outcome, or a pact of mutual non-intervention leaving the balance of power in the hands of Germany?

But it would be naive to think that the realisation of the Teheran Agreement is a foregone conclusion. Even now very great obstacles are coming into sight. The reefs on which the policy may be wrecked are threefold. Firstly, local resistance—in some cases the 'allocation' of a country to some zone fits the desires of its people. In others it may not. Secondly, mutual confidence between the two main partners Russia and Britain, may be severely strained where complete spontaneity of local resistance is not unquestionable. The third and biggest reef is still only half visible. Only if the Big Three combine to uphold it, has it a chance to be carried through."

He says it is clear that the position of the United States is not exactly the same as that of Britain and Russia and there are indications that she, not being in Europe, might perhaps dissociate herself from it where it meets local and national resistance. "But" he concludes "Americans have plenty reasons for needing as much as Russia and ourselves to make Teheran work so that zoning is the basis of a new essential unity."—Reuter.

On Capturing Rangoon

Britain Must Summon Burmese Parliament And Start Talks On Granting Dominion Status

LONDON, Dec. 16: Writing on "What Next In Burma?" in the "Sunday Observer" Mr. Maurice Collis, formerly Excise Commissioner in Rangoon says: "My own frank opinion is that the hope of a happy issue in Burma remains faint, unless the British Government on the reoccupation of Rangoon makes a very early pronouncement of its immediate intentions to a reassembly of the Burmese Parliament, which was in existence at the time of Japanese invasion. That is the first step to earn us their steady goodwill which Mr. Amery admitted was essential for all our future plans. The second step is to initiate as soon afterwards as possible discussions with representatives of Burma on details of the Dominion constitution which we have promised to bestow. I believe this will be only feasible course."—Reuter.

FRASER'S CURIOUS MEDLEY OF DUTIES

Admiral's Position Invidious, Says "Observer" Correspondent

LONDON, Dec. 17.

The pleasure caused by the reappearance of British naval power in the Far East is damped by the peculiar position allotted to Admiral Sir Bruce Fraser, writes Mr. O. M. Green in the Sunday, "Observer".

There will be no appointment of Supreme Allied Commander, Mr. Green writes, but Admiral Fraser will operate under Admiral Nimitz or Gen. MacArthur "as the strategic situation demands." At the same time he must be "responsible to the Admiralty for the conduct and administration of his fleet. Precisely how he will balance this curious medley of duties and responsibilities, it is not easy to see and his position is felt to be invidious."—Reuter.

(Continued from Col. 6)

their own lorries. The producer has not to worry about the transport. The seeds are imported by the Government from Kashmir and sold to the cultivator at a price lower than the price at which they were imported. The Government purchases the produce from the cultivator at Rs. 8-8 per maund, and then distributes it among the military, their main claimant as a slightly higher price. Whatever remains after supplying to the military goes to the city of Bombay at a still higher price than that at which it is sold to the military. At present, said Dr. Uppal, about 6,000 lbs. of potatoes are supplied to Bombay every month. The slight margin between the purchase and sale prices is deliberately maintained by the Government with a view to make up the loss sustained in supplying the seeds at a cheaper rate. The important feature of this scheme is that it assures the cultivator a ready market for his produce at a reasonable price, and at the same time protects him from the clutches of the exploiting middleman.

Talking of the winter season potato crop Dr. Uppal revealed that the prospects were very bright and as there was no further demand from the army there was every possibility of the shortage of potato supply in Bombay being remedied in the near future.

The vegetable centre at Hadapsar visited by the pressmen is also run on more or less the same basis as the potato scheme. About 25,000 lbs. of vegetables are daily collected at this centre, and distributed among the different military units according to their needs.

HOW THE ARMY GROWS FOOD

An inkling into the strenuous efforts made by the military to make a success of the Government's "Grow More Food" campaign was given to a group of journalists, who toured round the army farms located in the Poona area during the last week-end. Apart from the financial aspect, the general impression gathered is that the military units are showing great enthusiasm in growing vegetables, keeping poultry, breeding livestock, and building rabbit-warrens and even piggeries.

The area development farm situated between the Main Kirkee Road and the River Mulia consists of some 70 acres of land. It is cultivated on the "Bithai system" whereby labour is supplied by the army and the crops when harvested are divided equally between the army and the villagers. The farm which has been in partial operation for some months is mainly the work of Lieut. Stewart, who evinces a keen interest in birds and animals of all kinds, the pig being his hot favourite. Advice and practical help in building up the farm were tendered by Mr. Champion, Principal of the Spencer's College. Maharattas, no longer fit for active service, are now working on the farm. In order to provide a nucleus of quarters permanent poultry houses and piggeries are erected. Every unit has a poultry house of its own, where eggs are hatched by the help of the country-made incubators. The birds including pullets, ducks and turkeys are fed on the damaged grains unfit for human consumption, meat offal from slaughtered animals, condemned food-stuff from army supply depots, and the natural green food.

GOVERNMENT CATTLE RESERVES.

The pressmen also visited Cattle Reserves which are established by the Government as a precaution against the partial or total breakdown of the supply of beef to the troops. The military reserve of cattle is being quickly worked up to the authorised holding. The cattle are mostly emaciated and are kept for the purpose of being fattened to the slaughter standard prior to their actual slaughter. About 60 per cent of the emaciated cattle are brought up to the slaughter standard within four months. Cows which become pregnant while being held in Government reserve depots are sold to the Bombay Humanitarian League to conserve useful stock. Emaciated bullocks which have been fattened to slaughter standard but which are found fit for some useful purpose at a later stage are earmarked for draught and agricultural work in the farms.

The pig which is usually considered to be a dirty animal can easily become a clean animal if properly housed, fed and cared for. This lesson was brought home to the pressmen when they were shown round a piggery during their visit. There were farrowing pens, fattening pens, boar pens as well as pens for the stock upto four months old all built on a smooth and solid floor with walls about three feet high.

POTATO SCHEME.

The Government of Bombay having keenly felt the shortage of potatoes in the province undertook an elaborate scheme of potato production in the province at an estimated cost of a crore and thirty lakhs of rupees. As a result of the scheme four potato centres were established in the province, each at Poona, Satara, Ahmednagar and Nasik. The Poona centre is located at the Agricultural College of Poona. On the pressmen visiting this centre Col. Adams who is in charge, explained to them the different processes of collection, sorting, preservation and distribution of potatoes. Dr. Uppal, Plant Pathologist, Government of Bombay, reviewed the important features of the Government scheme. According to this scheme every possible help in men, money and material is given by the Government to the potato producers whose names are registered with the Government the only condition being that they should give over their produce to the Government. Loans whenever required are promptly advanced by the Government, and experts are kept for offering technical advice. When the produce is ready it is transferred from the fields to the centre by the Government in

(Continued in Column 5)

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

Dealing with the suggestion that at the Peace Conference Britain would be dealing with two great powers as great if not greater than herself. Mr. Eden said: "I ask members who know Mr. Churchill to imagine if they can see him feeling in any way inferior (laughter). Owing to our island tradition and long history we have shown ourselves able over and over again to be the leader in a coalition against any power seeking to impose its will on Europe."

—Reuter.

* * *

We are rather surprised to learn from the Press and the Radio that Lord Wavell has left Calcutta and was last seen and heard at Cawnpore.

This is very definitely not right. His Excellency ought to realise that his first and foremost duty is to maintain the prestige of the British Raj by respecting and observing Viceregal traditions. He must go back to Calcutta and celebrate X'mas at Belvedere with the usual social festivities.

* * *

At Cawnpore His Excellency had, however, the agreeable task of opening the Hallet Hospital, one of those names which do deserve to be perpetuated and immortalised in the history of this country.

And His Excellency, we mean Lord Wavell not Sir Maurice Hallet, made a speech, too, the most conspicuous feature of which was the disappointing fact that he forgot to quote Kipling.

* * *

He, however, made up for the omission by quoting the Industrial Revolution in England to emphasise that industrial development, unless you are very careful, 'means slums; and slums mean misery and disease."

So far as Indians are concerned the Industrial Revolution also meant the impoverishment of India, her crafts and her economy.

But Lord Wavell is quite right. We have got to be careful. In fact, we have got to be careful of many things.

* * *

Reuters report that there is a probability of an all-Party deputation of M.P.'s coming out to India.

Mr. Jinnah will be glad to see them.

But we hope they don't go into modern economic, political social and scientific theories.

* * *

A contemporary has published quite an impressive picture of H.M.S HOWE which is to be the flagship of Admiral Fraser, C.-in-C. Pacific Fleet.

There is, however, no definite foundation for the belief entertained in certain quarters that on the War Cabinets the flagship of Admiral Mountabatten C-in-C. SEAC, will continue to remain H.M.S. "Kandy."

* * *

Talking of Admiral Fraser, General MacArthur has greeted the arrival in Australia of the British Pacific Fleet to assist him and Admiral Nimitz with another big strategic blow at the Japs in the Philippines.

* * *

But it is, of course, not yet clear whether the MacArthur gesture is grateful acknowledgement or a polite assurance that the aid is not needed.

* * *

Solicitor (to wife seeking divorce) "How long have your relations been unpleasant?"

Wife: "My relations have always been as nice as pie. It's his who've caused all the trouble."

POINTED PARAGRAPHS

It may take nine tailors to make a man, but one bookmaker can break him.

* * *

There are no shade trees and hammocks scattered along the road to success.

* * *

The manufacturer of a flesh-reducing remedy lives on the fat of the land.

* * *

Man is like a definition—looked up in the dictionary to-day and forgotten to-morrow.

* * *

Some men are so sympathetic that they even will share your last dollar with you.

* * *

A fool may have brains enough but lacks the sense required to make use of them.

R

AUTHORISED KEROSENE DEALERS IN BOMBAY SUBURBS

Below is given the list of additional kerosene dealers in the Bombay Suburban District who are authorised to sell kerosene under clause 3 of the Bombay Rationing Order, 1943. Kerosene ration cards in the Bombay Suburban District may be registered at any one of these shops or at one of those included in the list which was advertised recently:—

Authorisation No	Name of the Agent or Dealer.	Address.
D/226	M/s J. G. Bhatt & Co.	Ghodbunder Road, Khar.
D/227	M/s J. G. Bhatt & Co.	Marol.
D/228	Mrs. Fatmabai Ebrahim.	Manori.
D/229	Mrs. Fatmabai Ebrahim.	Kharodi.
D/230	Mr. N. R. Keskar.	Madhukar Stores, Dahisar.
D/231	Bai Shirinbai Hussein Sharif.	Chembur.
D/232	Mr. Ratilal D. Shah.	Agra Road, Bhandup.
D/233	Mr. Jiwa Rajbhai.	Mahul.
D/234	Mr. Jiwa Rajbhai.	Mankhurd.
D/235	M/s Shantilal Chaturbhuj & Co.	Danda Village.
D/236	M/s Shantilal Chaturbhuj & Co.	Ville-Parle (West).
D/237	M/s Shantilal Chaturbhuj & Co.	Jogeshwari.
D/238	M/s Makanji Mulchand.	Near Railway Station, Mulund.
D/239	M/s Makanji Mulchand.	Kurla.
D/240	Mr. Abubakar Abdulsatar Rajkotwalla.	Old Kurla.
D/241	Mr. J. C. Patel.	C/o Hitavartak Mandal, Kandivli
D/242	Mr. C. K. Patel.	C/o J. V. Jekkal, Banu Cottage, Juhu.
D/243	Mr. G. C. Patel.	C/o Lokmanya Seva Sangh, Vile-Parle. (East).
D/244	Mr. D. H. Patel.	C/o Jagannath Cashier, Opposite Goregaon Station, Goregaon.

Sapru's Work Will Go On

Jinnah's Refusal To Co-operate Does Not Matter

ALLAHABAD, Dec. 17.

The 'United Press" understands that Mr. Jinnah's refusal to co-operate with the Conciliation Committee will not affect in the least the work of the Committee which has enough published material in the form of resolutions of the League and Mr. Jinnah's speeches regarding the stand of the Muslim League on the communal question though it is regretted that he did not see his way to discuss matters with an impartial body to clarify the position

It is likely that Sir T. B. Sapru will issue a statement on receipt of Mr. Jinnah's letter, a report of which appeared in yesterday's papers.

It can now definitely be said that the first meeting of the Conciliation Committee will be held at Delhi on December 29. Sir T. B. Sapru will make announcement in this regard on Monday.—United Press.

Sapru To Meet Savarkar

BOMBAY, Sunday.

The 'United Press' understands that Mr. V. D. Savarkar, President of the All-India Hindu Mahasabha, has received a letter from Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru asking if the former could grant an interview to Sir Tej Bahadur and some prominent members of the Conciliation Committee at a place and on a date suitable to Mr. Savarkar.

Mr. Savarkar, it is further understood, has received a letter from Mr. M. R. Jayakar to the same effect.

Mr. Savarkar will, it is learnt, send reply to Sir Tej Bahadur and Mr. Jayakar in a day or two intimating his willingness to interview them and suggesting the place and date thereof.—United Press.

Dr. S. Radhakrishnan's Tour Programme

BOMBAY, Sunday.

Dr. Sir S. Radhakrishnan arrived in Bombay by the Gujarat Mail this morning and was received by the office-bearers of the Andhra Youngmen's Association Dr. Radhakrishnan will leave for Roha tomorrow morning by the Rewas steam launch to preside over the main function of the Konkan Education Society's Silver Jubilee Celeoration. He halts at Alibag on way where the local Municipality presents him a welcome address. He then lays the foundation stone of the Nagaon School of the Society and in the afternoon proceeds to Roha.

On Tuesday, 19th Dr. Radhakrishnan leaves Roha receives the addresses of the Pen and Panvel Municipalities and returns to Bombay in the evening.

Improving Khadi Vidyalaya Courses

WARDHA, Dec. 16.

A curriculum sub-committee for improving Khadi Vidyalaya courses is appointed consisting of Mr. S. K. Jaju, Secretary, A. I. S. A., H. S. Dhoure, Secretary, Gandhi Seva Sangh, Dhirendra Muzumdar (U. P.), Krishnadas Gandhi, Trustee A. I. S. A. and Keshavrao Deodhar. Mr. Javerbhai Patel, Officiating Secretary, A. I. V. I. A., Mr. Aryanayakam, Mrs Ashadevi Aryanayakam, Secretary, Hindustani Talimi Sangha, and Mr. Narharibhai Parekh are co-opted as members on behalf of several institutions.

The sub-committee meets this week end.—A. P.

"Talk About Popular Ministries Is Moonshine"

Patil On Need For Restoring Organisation And Discipline In Congress

ARIYALUR, (Trichinopoly) Dec 17.

Mr. S. K. Patil, President-elect of the Tamil Nad Provincial Congress Workers' Conference arrived at Ariyalur this morning accompanied by Mr. C. N. Muthuranga Mudaliar, President of the Tamil Nad Congress Sangham, Mrs. Rukmani Lakshmipati, Deputy Speaker of the Madras Legislative Assembly, Mr. M. Radhakrishnapillai, Mayor of Madras and Mr N. G. Ranga, M. L. A. (Central.)

Workers from all over Tamil Nad have already arrived for the conference.

IN SLOUGH OF DESPOND

Delivering his presidential address Mr. Patil said:

Political India of today is steeped in the slough of despond. There is a feeling of frustration which threatens to benumb all activity. Everybody seems to be busy with something other than the freedom of his country. We must lift the country from the morass of inaction and helplessness into which it has sunk.

We have nothing and nobody to apologise for the risks we have willingly taken in the interest of our country's freedom. We never trusted Britain's good faith so far as its political intentions in this country were concerned, nor do we trust that good faith even now.

TASK BEFORE CONGRESS

Our immediate task, therefore, is to reorganise our forces and make Congress the mightiest institution in the land. To achieve this object we have to reconstruct the Congress organisation on a newer and sounder basis.

Our plan of reconstruction must be based on surer and sounder foundation to avoid mistakes which we committed in the past. That foundation, according to me, consists of three main principles which should guide us in all our future activities. These principles are (1) One unified Congress with no parties or groups within it, (2) One leader chosen by the Congress to lead the political struggle and (3) one common programme of activities in which all Congressmen can willingly and vigorously participate.

PARLIAMENTARY MENTALITY

I must say a few words about the "Constitutional" or "Parliamentary" mentality or method which like a stormy petrel often raises its head in this or that province and threatens to disrupt the unity in the Congress ranks. I am not a hater of this method. Its foundation is in the spirit of compromise and accommodation of conflicting claims. Compromise has its definite place in the scheme of Satyagraha. Gandhiji is essentially a man of compromise and he never makes a secret of it. But the question we have to consider today is whether in the existing political circumstances in the country there is any scope for the success of parliamentary method. To that my answer is an emphatic NO. The government of the land today is not in the least interested in the success of parliamentary government unless that government is prepared to play a dictated and subservient role. What have those so-called constitutional governments been able to do for their people in the provinces in which they have been allowed to function? The persecution and hardships of Congressmen have been definitely more in the provinces governed by the 'popular" ministries. Those who argue in favour of the return of the Congress ministries in provinces where they are in a majority are talking without their books. Government would oppose such a move with every means in their power unless the Congress legislators were prepared to compromise their country's honour and self-respect for the imaginary advantages of a constitutional government. All talk about popular ministries in the present state of things is nothing but moonshine. It only helps in further demoralising our ranks and strengthening the government's case against us. Unless there is a political settlement first between Government and people's representatives no move, whether for Congress or Coalition ministries in the provinces has the remotest chance of success. That is the plain truth of the matter.

DISCIPLINARY ACTION

There has been considerable talk in the country about the proposed disciplinary action in various Congress Provinces against certain members of the dissident groups such as Communists and Royists in particular. Great principles of democratic rights and conventions are trotted out in support of an indefensible position. I must explain the Congress attitude in this connection if only because I have earned the reputation of having taken the initiative in this so-called undemocratic conduct. Much of the talk ont his question is uninformed and pointless. No Congress organisation in any province has imposed anything like a general ban on the Communist or Royist Parties as such. Such an act besides being uncalled for is "ultra vires" of the powers and authority vested in the Congress organisations. The disciplinary action, in point of fact, has been taken or recommended to be taken against those members holding elective posts in the Congress organisation, who have acted and carried on propaganda against the deliberate decisions of the duly constituted Congress authorities. If the Congress is to remain a strong and well-knit fighting organisation, it must be able to maintain a rigorous code of discipline in its ranks and it must also keep clear of those elements which seek to disrupt its organisational unity and undermine its discipline.

The constructive programme placed before the nation by Mahatma Gandhi is many-sided and it is possible for every Congressman and every other national worker to choose from it a few items for concentrated work. It must be also our endeavour to broaden the basis of our organisation by inviting to our fold those sections of the society which have not yet been drawn near to us. Our Congress machinery has become a little old and cumbrous. We have to activise it by introducing new and young blood in it. That calls for reorientation of our attitude and methods of work. If the Congress is to justify the claim that it represents the whole nation, it must contact the society at all points. No section of the society, whether organised or not, must remain outside the scope of the Congress. Where organisation does not exist, the Congress must go and create it. With this object in view, the Congress must establish and develop closest contacts with students, industrial and agricultural workers, non-manual labour known as Shop Assistants and volunteers and women's organisations.

NEED OF FULL TIME WORKERS

We have got only a limited supply of full-time Congress workers That cannot do in future. The Congress must have a very large army of full-time workers, who can devote themselves completely to the work entrusted to them. For that purpose we must organise what I would call a "National Service" for our organisation. There must be several lakhs of such workers spread all over the country. Every Provincial Congress Committee must give serious thought to the organisation of such a 'National Service'.

Another point is about the need of Congress literature. We must have simple literature of educative and instructive value explaining our programme in the simple and straight-forward manner, to the millions of people whose co-operation we seek for the fulfilment of that programme.

No More Restrictions On Madame Montessori

MADRAS, Dec. 17.

Dr. Maria Montessori and Signor Mario Montessori arrived in Madras to-day from Kodaikanal.

After visiting Adyar they left by air this afternoon for Ahmedabad where they will stay for four months and conduct a primary training course for teachers.

After the course they will visit Kashmir by invitation of the State Government.

Madame Montessori and Signor Montessori have received official intimation that restrictions on their movements in India have been removed.—A. P.

Hurs Active Again

HYDERABAD, (Sind) Dec. 17.

Recrudescence of Hur activities is reported from Sanghar where six armed Hurs raided the village of Janmohd Vasan and looted some property and shot dead Kamdar Alladino Vasan. The Hurs escaped into Makhi Forest where the rifle of police is pursuing them. The Hur party was led by Rahim and Mamoo Lingoro, proclaimed Hur leaders.—A. P.

REMAINS OF JAMAL-UD-DIN AFGHANI

KARACHI, Dec. 17: The remains of Hazrat-e-Syed Jamal-ud-Din Afghani brought to India by air yesterday will be taken by train to Peshawar on December 19. The Afghan Minister, Mr. Abdul Rahman said that from Peshawar the remains will be taken to Torkham on the Afghan borders where the officials of the Literary and Publicity Department of the Afghan Government will take possession. They will take them to Kabul, where the remains will be finally buried and a monument be erected.—A. P.

SIKH RELIGIOUS ENDOWMENT BILL

PESHAWAR Dec. 16: It is officially stated that there is no truth in the news that His Excellency the Governor has declined to give assent to the Sikh Religious Endowment Bill passed in the last session of the Frontier Assembly. His Excellency has referred the Bill to the Government of India.—A. P.

DACCA, Dec. 16.—Two coloured Americans have been permitted by the Board of Intermediate and Secondary Education, Dacca, to appear for the next high school (matriculation) examination of the Board as private candidates They are now appearing for the test examination.—A. P.

NEW YORK COTTON
NEW YORK, Dec. 16.

January	21.75
March	21.90
May	21.84
Middling Spot	22.27

NEW ORLEANS COTTON
NEW YORK, Dec. 16.

January	unquoted
March	21.91
May	21.85
Middling Spot	21.40

LONDON EXCHANGES
LONDON, Dec. 16.

London Exchanges unchanged, London Silver, Gold Stock Exchange and Wheat closed.

STOCK OF COTTON IN BOMBAY

Bales		Same period last year	Difference
Estimated visible and invisible Bombay supply 31st Aug. 1944	1,082,463	1,171,834	—89,371
Receipts by Rail & Sea from 1st Sept. 1944 to 14th Dec 1944	341,861	298,227	+43,634
Receipts by Road —do.—	900	900	
TOTAL SUPPLY	1,425,224	1,470,961	45,737
TOTAL EXPORTS	50,276	43,356	6,920
Estimated local Mill consumption from 1st September 1944 to 14th December 1944	408,191	416,028	—7,837
TOTAL DISTRIBUTION	458,467	459,384	— 917
STOCKS with Exporters, Mills and Merchants as on 14th December 1944	852,523	949,206	96,683
Against last week	863,045		
Decrease	—9,522		

Stocks with Bombay mills on 31-8-1944 were 447,994 bales.

OVERCOME MUSCULAR AND NERVOUS EXHAUSTION

A dependable tonic in convenient tablet form NEO-VIGORIN is an invaluable preparation for muscular and nervous exhaustion.

Other preparations include:
GASTROSOL: *For chronic Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Gastralgia.*
NEO-VENTROL: *A safe and gentle laxative specially beneficial to sufferers from dyspepsia, constipation and hardening of the arteries.*

One tablet taken twice daily will provide strength and youthful vigour to your tired system.

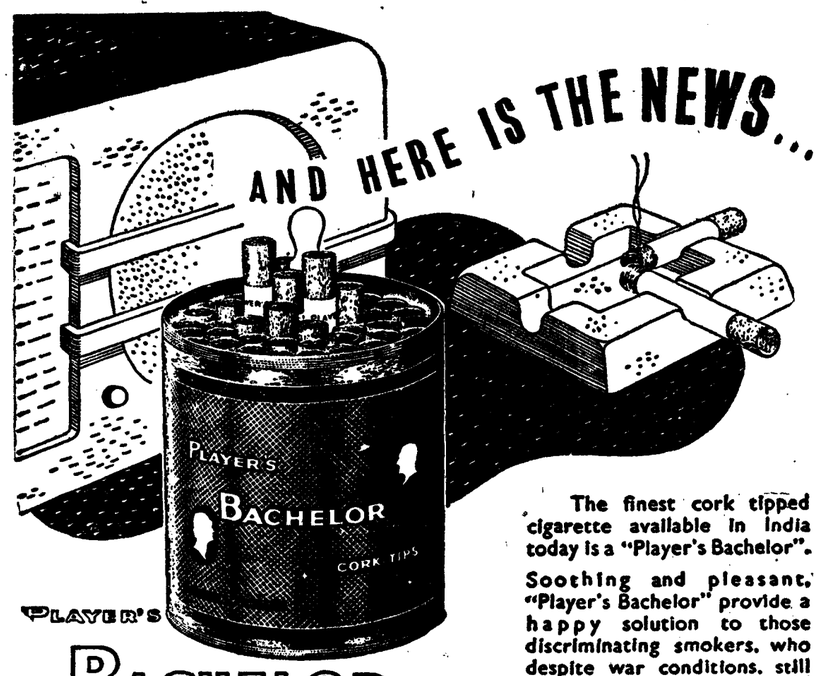
NEO-VIGORIN
BIRLA LABORATORIES
(Proprietors: The Upper Ganges Sugar Mills Ltd.)
Head Office: 8, Royal Exchange Place, Calcutta.

Sole Distributors for Bombay:—
B. R. MINOCHA & CO.
Lotus Building, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

SPRAY WITH METAL
TO RENOVATE AND BUILD UP WORN OUT MACHINERY ELEMENTS SUCH AS
BEARINGS, PISTONS AND PISTON RODS, SHAFTS, CRANK SHAFTS, PUMP CASINGS, TURBINE CASINGS, STARCH ROLLERS, IMPELLERS, HYDRAULIC PRESS RAMS, MILL ROLLERS ETC.
TO PREVENT CORROSION, TO FILL IN BLOW HOLES IN CASTINGS, ETC.
MSP PISTOL

FOR EQUIPMENTS & WIRES SPECIALLY MANUFACTURED FOR THE METAL SPRAYING PROCESS APPLY TO
METAL SPRAYING PRODUCTS
119, RIPON STREET CALCUTTA
PHONE: P. K. 1185 & 3461 TELE: "METSPRAY"

Agents:
METALLISING PRODUCTS
KARIM CHAMBERS, HAMAM STREET, FORT, BOMBAY



PLAYER'S
BACHELOR
CORK TIPS

The finest cork tipped cigarette available in India today is a "Player's Bachelor".

Soothing and pleasant, "Player's Bachelor" provide a happy solution to those discriminating smokers, who despite war conditions, still seek a cork tipped cigarette of delightful blend and coolness.

BC/21

Look for the name on
MAZDA
LAMPS

ASSOCIATED ELECTRICAL INDUSTRIES (INDIA) LTD.
CALCUTTA BOMBAY LAHORE MADRAS BANGALORE COIMBATORE
Agents for: British Thomson-Houston Co. Ltd. London
AM 28

Read What a member Of Legislative Council writes for Prof. BOPARA:-

Prof. BOPARA saw my hand to-day and told me past and present which were found correct He also predicted some future

I would recommend him to all as he is worth trying.

Forewarned is Forearmed
SERVICE TO HUMANITY IS SERVING GOD

WHO SAYS THAT FUTURE DOES NOT COME OUT TRUE? WHY WORRY FOR FUTURE? CONSULT PROF. BOPARA SCIENTIFIC PALMIST

possessing YOGIC Power. Charges moderate. Trial Solicited.
PROF. M. B. BOPARA,
People's Buildg., 1st Floor, Room No. 10, Sir Pherozeshah Mehta Road, Fort, BOMBAY.
Time: 9 A.M. to 6 P.M.

THE
INDIAN OVERSEAS BANK, LTD.
Paid-up Capital and Reserves ..... Rs. 33,98,929 8 0
Head Office: MADRAS.
Branches at

Alleppey	Cannanore	Madura
Bombay	Coimbatore	Negapatam
Bangalore	Devakottah	Pudukottah
Calicut	Karaikudi	Salem
		Trichinopoly

Sivaganga & Kivalur.
London and New York Agents:
THE CHASE NATIONAL BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.
BANKING BUSINESS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION TRANSACTED
Bombay Office:
Patel House, Churchgate Street, Fort.
Phone: 33863.

MUTT AND JEFF—It Looks As Though Jeff Amputated Mutt's Pants Just Above The Knee — By BUD FISHER

MUTT, I NEED A NEW PAIR OF PANTS! THESE ARE WORN OUT!
THERE'S A NEW DOCTOR NEXT DOOR HAND HIM A HARD-LUCK STORY! HE'LL GIVE YOU AN OLD PAIR OF HIS!
SUPPOSE HE AIN'T GOT ANY!
DON'T WORRY! HE'LL FEEL SORRY FOR YOU! HE MIGHT SLIP YOU A FEW BUCKS FOR A NEW PAIR WHEN HE SEES THIS!
YES?
OH-ER-I CAME TO SEE THE DOCTOR!
I'M THE DOCTOR!
MY PANTS!
NOT BAD!

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 18 April, 2017

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS Per WORD

MINIMUM RS. 1/8/-

To be paid in advance.

MATRIMONIAL

An Independent and well settled match for a beautiful educated and cultured Punjabi Kashatriya Girl of 19. Proficient in household airound accomplished. Correspond with Box No. 6797, "Bombay Chronicle."

PERSONAL ADLETS

Photos by Airgraph Service from Negative Rs. 6 From Print Rs. 8. In Studio Rs. 10. Subsequent copies half price. Dial 61508 Cinefoto House, Matunga. 6821

SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted a Typist Clerk for a Government Office in Bombay in the scale of Rs. 50-5/2-90-5-140 plus usual allowances. Minimum qualification Matriculate. Apply Box No. 1425, 'Bombay Chronicle".

Teachers Matriculates, Graduates. Hindustani required immediately for R. A. V., High Schools at Thana and Ghatkopar. Apply Principal, Ramji Assar Vidyalaya Ghatkopar. 1424

Wanted a Lady Doctor as Working Partner for a dispensary at Thakurdwar Road. Communicate Box No. 6830, "Bombay Chronicle".

Lady Assistant with knowledge of Typing wanted. Must be independent, under 25 and willing to travel. State qualifications and pay wanted. Box 6787 'Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted qualified and experienced Overseers and Sub-Overseers with D. C. E or equivalent qualification. Apply stating experience and salary required to Box No. 1387, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted immediately a Bio-Chemist conversant with the manufacture of Chemical Ampoules and biological Products. Only experienced hands should apply with full details of experience and minimum salary acceptable to Box No. 6825, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted immediately qualified and experienced Stenographers. Posts temporary, but may last for duration of war. Pay Rs. 90 p.m. in the scale of Rs. 90-5-150 plus dearness allowance Rs. 18 and house rent allowance Rs. 9 if admissible. Preference will be given to suitable Muslim and Scheduled caste candidates. Apply in person with application, testimonials, etc., to the Administrative Officer Information Films of India, 74-94, Tardeo Road, Bombay 7. 1405

Wanted Graduate or Undergraduate Teachers for French, Mathematics, Gujarati History, immediately Trained preferred. Apply sharp to Principal, Nahalchand Lalluchand High School, Malad. 6837

Wanted a Mechanical and Electrical Engineer to work as an Assistant Engineer on Turbine and Electrical Plant. Only persons with long experience and capable of working independently should apply with full particulars and pay required to: The Ahmedabad Jupiter Spg., Wvg. and Mfg. Co. Ltd., P. O. Box No. 43, Ahmedabad. (1364)

BOOKS & MAGAZINES

1944 Second-hand American, English Magazines available bargain prices. Life, Look, Psychology, Reader's Digest, etc., Visit: Streamline-Agency, 195, Hornby Rd. Bombay. 1426

MACHINERY WANTED.

Wanted Oil Engines 40 to 60 B. H. P. in perfect running order. Capable of taking full Load. Post Details and Rates. P. O. Box 55, Karachi. 1338

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Agents to sell Sago Starch for Weaving Mills. Apply: John Paul, Y. M. C. A. Road, Calicut, Malabar. 6811

Wanted Sole Agents for Provincial Cities and District Towns all over India and Ceylon for India's most Popular Journal Astro Matrimonial Magazine on good terms. Subscription Rs. 4. Sample As. 6 stamps. Apply: Manager, Bangalore City. 6846

Wanted Distributors for Sulpho-Sandalol (a Specific for chronic skin diseases), Arnicol (a Hair Grower), Pinofax (Throat Pastiles) at all important places in India. Firms having influence need apply: Mangalore-Bombay Trading Agencies, 374, Lamington Road Bombay 7. 6319

LOANS & MORTGAGES

Loans given against Shops, Factories, Policies, Gazetted Officers or any security, cheap interest Kantilal Company, 28, New Hanuman Lane, Kalbadevi, Bombay. 6844

BUSINESS OFFER

Wanted: Merchants and Businessmen in Bombay and Suburbs to take up our Representation on guaranteed income. Bank references required. Box 6696, "Bombay Chronicle".

AGENCIES WANTED

American business man shortly returning to America invites correspondence from Indian firms interested in arranging agencies with American Manufacturers. Reply Box No. 1406, "Bombay Chronicle".

MISCELLANEOUS WANTED

For Purchase Bobbin Factory duly licensed in working order. Apply Pandit Raja Ram Trivedi, 197, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay. 6824

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

For Tinplates and Terneplates at Controlled rates. Refer to Shreenath Khandelwal & Co. Government Controlled Stockists. Karachi. (6749).

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE

WANTED by an American firm, young ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING GRADUATES as Sales Engineers. Science Graduates are also eligible. Good prospects for right type of men. Apply Box No. 6841, "Bombay Chronicle"

NOTICE

THIS IS TO INFORM that my wife SHRIMATI ABNASH KAUR daughter of Sardar Kartar Singh Ahuja of Rawalpindi City voluntarily left my protection.

I have no connection with her nor am I responsible for any debts incurred by her.

DHARAM PAL SINGH.
522 B, College Back Road,
Matunga-Bombay.
Dated 14-12-1944. 6343

NOTICE TO COMMON JURORS.

MEMBERS OF THE COMMON JURY, summoned for the current Criminal Sessions are required to attend the High Court, on Monday the 18th December, 1944, at 11-15 A.M. (S.T.).

SHANTIDAS ASKURAN,
Sheriff of Bombay.
Bombay, 16th December, 1944. 1420

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

DEPARTMENT OF SUPPLY
Office of the Controller of Supplies, (Disposals) Strand House, Graham Road Ballard Estate, Bombay.

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the purchase of unserviceable Mosquito Nets ex the Army Salvage Depot at Ghorpuri on a rate contract basis for a period of six months beginning from 1st January 1945. The arisings are expected to be about 7,000 nets per month but no guarantee regarding quantity or quality can be given. Upto date accumulations at the end of each month will be cleared promptly failing which the contract is liable to termination. Sales will be governed by Conditions of Sale on Con. 117 which can be had from the Manager of Publications, Civil Lines, Delhi, or seen in this office. Quotations per net ex-site should be submitted in a sealed cover superscribed "Tender No. CS/SYD/664 dated 14-12-1944 for the purchase of mosquito nets due on 22-12-1944" and should reach this Office on or before 4 p.m. on 22-12-1944. Your offer should remain open upto 15-1-1945. 1414

TENDER NOTICE.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
DEPARTMENT OF SUPPLY
Office of the Controller of Supplies (Disposals), Strand House, Ballard Estate, BOMBAY.

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the purchase of unserviceable cordage arisings ex Salvage Depots, Bombay, Nasik, Ghorpuri and Secunderabad on a Rate Contract basis for a period of six months beginning from 1-1-1945. Sales will be governed by conditions of Sale on Con. 117 which can either be had on payment from the Manager of Publications, Civil Lines, Delhi, or seen in this office. No guarantee regarding quantities available or quality can be given. Up-to-date arisings at the end of each month will have to be cleared promptly, failing which the contract is liable to termination.

2. Sealed tenders giving quotations per ton ex site and superscribed "TENDER NO: CS/SYD/665 DUE ON 22-12-1944" should be sent so as to reach this office not later than 4 p.m. on 22-12-1944. Offers must remain open upto 15-1-1945. 1415

GOVERNMENT PHOTO REGISTRY OFFICE, POONA

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the following posts, at the Government Photo Registry Office, Poona:—

(1) Head Clerk (Grade Rs. 85-5/2-95).
(2) Store-keeper (Grade Rs. 40-5/2-80).
(3) Photo Registrars (Grade Rs. 50-3-92).
(4) Clerks (Grade Rs. 25-5/2-55).
(5) Photographer (Grade Rs. 40-5/2-75-5-100)
(6) Assistant Photographer (Grade Rs. 40-2-60)
(7) Senior Technical Assistants (Grade Rs. 30-2-50)
(8) Junior Technical Assistants Grade Rs. 20-1-30).

Plus dearness allowance. In case of No. 4 a personal pay of Rs. 15/- is also admissible.

2/- Only graduates need apply for the Photo Registrars' posts. The minimum educational qualification for (1), (2) and (4) is Matriculation. Candidates knowing typing will be preferred For post No. (2) knowledge of Book keeping and Accountancy is essential. For the Head Clerk's post persons having previous office and accounting experience will be given preference.

3/- The minimum educational qualification for (5), (6), (7) and (8) is English V standard. Candidates with knowledge of photography and studio experience will be preferred

4/- The applicants should not be more than 25 years (28 years in the case of Intermediate and Backward classes). This will be relaxed in the case of those that are already in Government service (but they must apply through the Head of the Department).

5/- The applications should be addressed to the undersigned so as to reach him not later than the 6th January 1945.

M. C. TRIVEDI,
Manager,
Govt. Photo Registry Office and
Photographic Expert to Govt.,
Poona. 1419

PUBLIC NOTICES

ANNOUNCEMENT

(This is not a Prospectus and is not to be regarded as an invitation to the public to subscribe for shares.)

Consent of the Central Government and the Government of Baroda has been obtained to this issue under the Defence of India Rule 94-A. It must be distinctly understood that in giving consent the Governments of India and Baroda do not take any responsibility for the financial soundness of any schemes or for the correctness of any of the statements made or opinions expressed with regard to them.

THE LIST WILL BE OPENED ON THE 16TH DECEMBER, 1944 AND WILL BE CLOSED ON THE 30TH DECEMBER, 1944.

NATIONAL SAVINGS BANK, LIMITED.

43-45, Apollo Street, Fort, BOMBAY.

We have the pleasure to announce that the necessary consent of the Government of India under the Defence of India Rule 94-A has been obtained to the issue of 40,000 Ordinary shares of Rs. 50|- each at a premium of Rs. 10|- per share payable by Rs. 25|- as application money and Rs. 10|- as premium and the balance as and when it may be called by the Board of Directors.

Notice is hereby given that the Company has published the Prospectus dated 15th December 1944, copies of which have been filed with the Registrar of Joint Stock Companies at Bombay and Baroda, inviting applications for the said shares.

40,000 Ordinary shares of Rs. 50|- each were offered to the existing shareholders in accordance with the provisions of Section 105-C of the Indian Companies Act and the Management approached and got the shareholders to relinquish the offers in order to comply with the listing requirements of the Bombay Stock Exchange, and thus 26,850 shares are now being offered unconditionally to the public at a premium of Rs. 10|- per share i.e. at the same rate at which they were offered to the existing shareholders.

Applications will only be received on the footing of the full Prospectus filed with the Registrar of Joint Stock Companies at Bombay and at Baroda. Copies of the said Prospectus together with the forms of applications for the shares can be had on application to the Head Office and Branches.

N. C. KHORANA,
Managing Director.
1416

THE INDIAN IRON AND STEEL COMPANY, LTD.

NOTICE

THE TWENTY-SEVENTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Indian Iron and Steel Company Limited, will be held on Wednesday, 24th January, 1945 at 11 a.m. at the Registered Office of the Company, 12 Mission Row, Calcutta, to transact the following business:—

(1) To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 31st March, 1944.
(2) To confirm the payment of the ad-interim dividend which was paid on and after 31st October, 1944.
(3) To elect a Director in place of Mr. Jna Basu who retires and is eligible for re-election.
(4) To elect a Director in place of Sir P. P. Ginwala who retires and is eligible for re-election.
(5) To elect a Director in place of Dr. N. N. Law who retires and is eligible for re-election.
(6) To appoint Auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from 17th January, to 24th January, 1945, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
BURN & CO.,
Managing Agents.
Calcutta, 18th December, 1944. 1423

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION, BENGAL.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED from male Muslim candidates to fill the post of a Special Officer, Paper Control, Bengal, on a fixed pay of Rs. 400|- to Rs. 500|- per mensem. The post is of gazetted rank and temporary but is likely to last for more than a year. Qualifications—must possess at least 10 years experience in the paper and printing trades and must be fully conversant with the trade customs and conditions in Bengal. Age—between 30 and 40. Full details may be obtained from the Secretary, Public Service Commission, Bengal, Darjeeling personally or ON SENDING AN ADDRESSED ENVELOPE WITH NINE PIES STAMP. Last date of receiving applications on prescribed form together with treasury receipt for Rs. 5, 10th January, 1945. (1418)

NOTICE

CINEMA PROJECTOR FOR SALE

PORTABLE CINEMA MACHINE, containing 2 Projectors, 1 Amplifier (2 A 3 Push Pull arrangement capacity 15 Watts) Universal U.S.A. Make with 1 converter 1 A.C. 110 Volt 115 Watts Motor and 1 Transformer 1.8 K.V.A. The Machine is open for inspection. Apply to the Controller of the Household, Dhrangadhra State, Dhrangadhra. 1324

G.I.P. RAILWAY—TENDERS.

THE CONTROLLER OF STORES invites tenders for the purchase of Old and unserviceable Stores. Forms obtainable from Stores Head Office, Gipstore Lane, Lower Parel, Bombay No. 13, at Re. 2|- per copy, not refundable. Money Order or cash only. Closing date 28-12-1944 at 3 P. M. (N.S.T.). (1398)

NOTICE.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY one fast Typist in the Office of the Dy. Commissioner of Police, Special Branch II, Bombay, on Rs. 50|- plus dearness allowance of Rs. 18|- per month.

Intending applicants should personally call at the Head Police Office at 11-0 a.m. on the 21st December, 1944.

E. J. JENNER,
Dy. Commissioner of Police,
S. B. II.
Head Police Office;
Bombay, 15th Decr. 1944. 1417

NOTICE

For the City of Bombay Milk (Supply to Children and Expectant and Nursing Mothers) Order, 1944, subject to which milk ration cards are issued in Bombay City to children and expectant and nursing mothers, please see Government Notification, Finance Department (Supply) No. C. R. 81 dated 9-8-1944 in Bombay Government Gazette of the same date and Government Notification, Finance Department (Supply) No. C. R. 81 dated 15-12-1944 in Bombay Govt. Gazette of the same date.

A. D. GORWALA,
Secretary to Government
1138

NOTIFICATION

APPLICATIONS for recruitment in the Kolhapur Judicial Service for a post of Second Class Sub Judge in the grade of Rs. 150-15|2-210 E.B. 225-15|2-300 are invited.

Applications should reach the U|S not later than 5th January 1945.

Applicants are to give full information as to their age, caste, domicile, educational and professional attainments etc., and are to furnish copies of their testimonials, academic and otherwise.

Candidates if called upon for interview are to pay their own expenses and should be in possession of the original testimonials of which copies are furnished.

No one need apply for the post who is not an LL.B. or an Advocate of the Bombay Bar Council with a minimum experience of five years at the Bar or is over 35 years of age.

Candidates possessing special academic and other qualifications may be given higher starting pay in the scale.

G. B. DESHMUKH,
Judicial Minister,
Kolhapur State. 1407

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION BOMBAY-SIND

APPLICATIONS are invited by 31-1-1945 for post of ASSISTANT SOLICITOR TO GOVERNMENT in the Legal Department, Bombay. PAY Rs. 300-600. AGE.—Not above 40 years on 1-4-1945. QUALIFICATIONS.—Attorney of the Bombay High Court of at least two years' standing well versed in conveyancing work. Application form supplied on receipt of large addressed envelope with 3½ annas postage stamps and UNCROSSED Indian Postal Order for Re. 1 payable to "Secretary, Bombay-Sind Public Service Commission", Bombay, who will supply full details on request. 1339

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that B. K. DESAI, Esqr., the Court Receiver High Court Bombay as the Receiver, appointed of the estate of Tatya Pandu Kangutkar in the High Court Suits Nos. 873 and 1074 of 1935 (Vitabai widow and Others vs. Aloobai widow and others and Dhondu Tatya Kangutkar vs. Bhikaji Tatya Kangutkar and others) has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client. All persons having any claim of any sort against the said property are requested to notify the same in writing to the undersigned within 14 days. In default the claim if any will be deemed to have been waived and sale completed.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY

ALL that piece or parcel of Government land or ground on the Quit and Ground rent tenure with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate at KUMBHARWADA STREET, Bombay, admeasuring about 387 square yards or thereabouts and bearing Collector's Old No. 2384, New Nos. 9432, 9433, 9434 and 9511; Old Survey Nos. 2|319 and 1|318, New Survey No 1|5014 Cadastral Survey No. 3957 of Ehuleshwar Division and part of Cadastral Survey No. 3956 of Ehuleshwar Division and bearing Municipal Nos. C Ward Nos. 7668 and 7670 and Street Nos. 68-76 and bounded on East by the property of Dayabhai Anandji Chowda, North by the property of Benares Hindu University, South by the property of the said Tatya Pandu Kangutkar and on West by Kumbharwada Street.

Dated this 16th day of December, 1944.

AMBUBHAI & DIWANJI,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
Lentin Chambers,
Dalal Street, Fort, Bombay. 1423

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that RATANSEY MOORJI and Bai RATANBAI wife of Ratansey Moorji, both of Bombay Hindu Inhabitants have contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client free from all encumbrances.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property or any part thereof by way of inheritance, possession, mortgage, sale, exchange, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement, or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at Lentin Chambers, Dalal Street, Fort, Bombay, within fourteen days from the date of publication hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece of land with the buildings, sheds and structures standing thereon situate at Ville Parle in the Registration Sub-District of Bandra, District Bombay Suburban and bearing Survey Nos. 152, Falni Nos. 3, 2 and 1 and which premises are shown in the Agreement, dated 17-12-1917 between the Secretary of State for India-in-Council of the one part and A. M. Pinto of the other part as bearing Non Agricultural Survey No. 152B of Ville Parle, admeasuring 22115 Sq. Yds. and the buildings thereon bearing Notified Area Committee Nos. 48, 48A, 48B and 48C and bounded, on the East by Gowan Passage, West by Ghodbunder Road, on the South by a passage and on the North by the property of N. Fatally & Co.

Dated this 18th day of December, 1944.

MAZAGONWALLA & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys. 1428

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Messrs. HUSSEINBHAI SAHEB HASSAMUDDIN, (2) HUSSEINBHAI SAHEB NAJMUDDIN, (3) ZAINABAI SHAIKH KAMRUDDIN and (4) FATMABAI TAHERALLI BASRAI have contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

All persons having any claim of any sort against the property are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at his Office, within 10 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY

ALL that piece of land or ground Government ground with the messuage tenements as dwelling houses standing thereon situate and lying on North Side of Shaikh Memon Street in the Sub-District of Bombay, in the Island of Bombay, registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue for Pension Tax and now free hold tenure old No. 174, New No. 1494, Old Survey No. 52 New Survey No. 1604 and New Cadastral Survey No. 1097 of Bhuleshwar Division and Municipality C Ward No. 236 and Street No. 9 and containing by admeasurement 42 6|9 square yards or thereabouts.

Dated this 16th day of December, 1944.

AMBUBHAI & DIWANJI,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
Lentin Chambers,
Dalal Street, Fort, Bombay. 1413

LEGAL NOTICES

IN THE COURT OF THE DISTRICT JUDGE, INDORE.

Civil Original Suit No. 61 of 1943

EALCHAND s|o Daulatram Chhajed Oswal Manajan of Bada Sarafa Indore. Plaintiff.

Vs.

NILKANTHA s|o Onkar Sharma Vaidya of Malad, Bombay. ..... Defendant.

Claim for Rs. 9373|4|3

To

NILKANTHA s|o Onkar Sharma Vaidya & Jeweller of Malad Bombay.

WHEREAS the plaintiff has instituted a Suit against you for Rs. 9,373 4|3 you are hereby summoned to appear and put in a Written Statement in this Court in person or by a duly authorised pleader of this Court duly instructed and able to answer all questions relating to the Suit or who shall be accompanied by some other person able to answer all such questions on the 15th day of January 1945 at 10-30 a.m. to answer the abovenamed plaintiff and you are hereby required to take notice that in default of your appearance on the day before mentioned the Suit will be heard and decided EXPARTE in your absence.

Given under my hand and the seal of the Court this the 12th day of December, 1944.

B. Y. RANGNEKAR,
District Judge, Indore. 6834

AUCTION SALES

A RARE OPPORTUNITY TO JEWELLERS AND PRIVATE BUYERS.

AUCTION SALE OF RARE AND PRECIOUS GEM SET JEWELLERY

Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO. will sell by Public Auction on THURSDAY, the 21st December, 1944, at 3 p.m. at their sale room

A few choice and precious lots of Jewellery belonging to a Parsi family.

1. Emerald and Diamond pendant with large centre emerald and two Emerald drops.
2. Valuable single row diamond Necklace with 30 large diamonds.
3. Emerald and Diamond Necklace mounted in platinum by Cartier with several large emeralds of fine quality.
4. Emerald and diamond flower spray brooch, with fine large emerald centre.
5. Diamond pendant mounted in platinum with one large diamond centre and one diamond drop

The Jewellery will be on view on and from the 18th December from 11-30 a.m to 5 p.m. and on the day of sale from 11-30 a.m. to 2 p.m. It will not be convenient to hand the lots for inspection during the sale so intending buyers are requested to inspect the jewellery before the commencement of the sale.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,
Auctioneers.
123, Medows Street, Bombay.

Enquire for
BEST TAPIOCA STARCH
AND
HEAVY CHEMICALS
To:
ASSOCIATED AGENCIES (BOMBAY)
Exporters and Importers.
47, Podar Chambers
Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay
Telegrams: AMONSULPH.
Telephone: 33881.

AUCTION SALES

RARE OPPORTUNITY TO COLLECTORS OF ART

AUCTION SALE OF VERY OLD AND VALUABLE COLLECTION OF ENGLISH AND FRENCH VASES, CUTLERY, LARGE LOT OF VERY OLD LARGE FLAT DISHES CANTON, CHINA WARE, HEAVY CUTGLASSWARE ALBUMS OF OLD FOREIGN NOTES RICH CROCKERY, TIBETANWARE, JARS, TRAYS, PLATES VERY OLD WALL PLATES AND NUMEROUS OTHER ARTICLES OF ART.

Under instructions from M/s. Easley Lam & Co., Attorneys for the Executrix M/s. BENNETT & CO., will sell by Public Auction TO-DAY MONDAY the 18th December, 1944 at 11-30 a.m. (N.S.T.) at their Rooms at 123, Apollo Street Fort, the abovementioned articles belonging to the Estate of the late Mr. G. M. Banaji well-known Collector of Curios and Antiques.

BENNETT & CO.

BLACK & WHITE"

"It's the Scotch!"

Sole agents:
HERBERTSONS LTD.
11-13, Elphinstone Circle, BOMBAY.

OVITONE
roots out all
FEMALE INTERNAL DERANGEMENTS
A PERFECT CURE FOR
LEUCORRHOEA
AMENORRHOEA
HYPOMENORRHOEA
& OLIGOMENORRHOEA
BY ORAL ADMINISTRATION
BARRYSON P.W. LTD.
Post Box 2406-CALCUTTA
OBTAINABLE AT ALL LEADING CHEMISTS
Sole Agents for Bombay Presidency MANIAR TRADING CORPORATION
P. B. No. 5039, Bombay 9.

Memorable Moments..
Heart beating against heart.. hand clasping hand... eyes darting eloquent glances... sweet whispers deepening the silence ... all in an atmosphere laden with the cool, lingering aroma of soft and soothing PANAMA. Truly such moments are memorable, and so are PANAMA cigarettes which heighten the joy and ecstasy.
Panama
20
CIGARETTES
Panama
GT 121
GASA
GOLDEN TOBACCO Co

Printed and published for the Bombay Chronicle Co., Ltd by MICHAEL ANDRADES at the Bombay Chronicle Press, Red Building, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay.